





Coverage & Reimbursement

Latoya Thomas Gary Capistrant

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

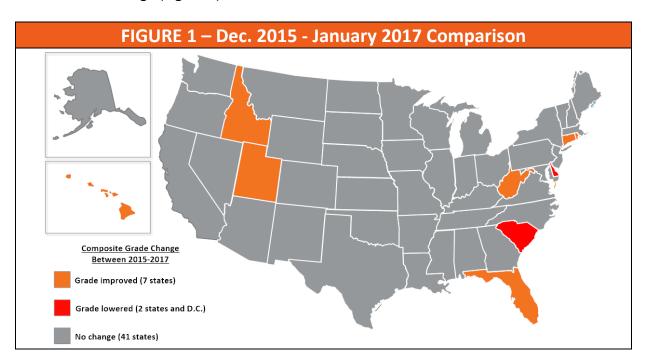
Payment and coverage for services delivered via telemedicine are some of the biggest challenges for telemedicine adoption. Patients and health care providers may encounter a patchwork of arbitrary insurance requirements and disparate payment streams that do not allow them to fully take advantage of telemedicine.

The American Telemedicine Association (ATA) has captured the complex policy landscape of 50 states with 50 different telemedicine policies, and translated this information into an easy to use format. This report complements our 50 State Gaps Analysis: Physician Practice Standards & Licensure, and extracts and compares telemedicine coverage and reimbursement standards for every state in the U.S. ultimately leaving each state with two questions:

- "How does my state compare regarding policies that promote telemedicine adoption?"
- "What should my state do to improve policies that promote telemedicine adoption?"

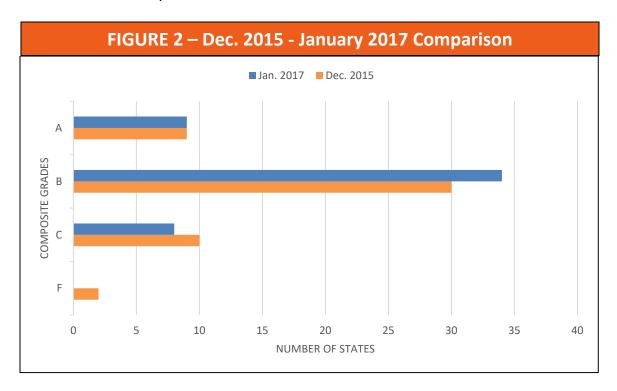
Using data categorized into 13 indicators related to coverage and reimbursement, our analysis reveals a mix of strides and stagnation in state-based policy despite decades of evidence-based research highlighting positive clinical outcomes and increasing telemedicine utilization.

Since our initial report in September 2014 all Medicaid agencies have adopted some type of coverage for telemedicine. Further, 7 states have adopted policies that improved coverage and reimbursement of telemedicine-provided services since the 2016 report, while two states and D.C. have either lowered telemedicine coverage or adopted policies further restricting telemedicine coverage (Figure 1).1



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States have made significant efforts to improve their grades through the removal of arbitrary restrictions and adoption of laws ensuring coverage parity under private insurance, state employee health plans, and/or Medicaid plans, as indicated in Figure 2. Overall, no states have failing composite grades, and there are more states now with above average grades, "A" or "B", including Connecticut and Rhode Island which improved from an "F" to "B", than highlighted in the December 2015 analysis.



This year Connecticut, Florida, Hawaii, Idaho, Rhode Island, Utah, and West Virginia have higher scores suggesting a supportive policy landscape that accommodates telemedicine adoption while D.C., Delaware, and South Carolina saw a drop in their composite grade. South Carolina dropped from an "B" to "C" because the Home and Community-Based Service waiver allowing remote patient monitoring expired. (Table 1).

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	Table 1 – Composite Scores by State						
State	Composite Grade	State	Composite Grade	State	Composite Grade	State	Composite Grade
AL	В	IL	С	MT	В	RI	В
AK	В	IN	С	NE	В	SC	С
AZ	В	IA	В	NV	Α	SD	В
AR	С	KS	В	NH	В	TN	Α
CA	В	KY	В	NJ	С	TX	В
СО	В	LA	В	NM	Α	UT	Α
СТ	В	ME	А	NY	В	VT	В
DC	С	MD	В	NC	С	VA	Α
DE	В	MA	В	ND	В	WA	В
FL	В	MI	В	ОН	В	WV	В
GA	В	MN	В	OK	Α	WI	С
HI	Α	MS	Α	OR	В	WY	В
ID	В	MO	В	PA	В		

When broken down by the 13 indicators, the state-by-state comparisons reveal even greater disparities.

- Ten states have enacted telemedicine parity laws since the initial report in 2014. Of the 31 states that have <u>telemedicine parity laws</u> for private insurance, 24 of them and D.C. scored the highest grades indicating policies that authorize state-wide coverage, without any provider or technology restrictions (Figure 3). Less than half of the country, 20 states, ranked the lowest with failing scores for having either no parity law in place or numerous artificial barriers to parity. This is a significant improvement as more states adopt parity laws. Arkansas maintains a failing grade because it is the only state that requires an in-person visit in its parity law.
- Telemedicine in Medicaid is working! All 50 state Medicaid programs have some type of coverage for telemedicine. Eleven states scored the highest grades by offering more comprehensive coverage, with few barriers for telemedicine-provided services (Figure 4). Connecticut, Florida, Hawaii, and Iowa passed reforms that ensure parity coverage with little or no restrictions, while Rhode Island has included some coverage of telehealth-provided services in their Medicaid fee schedule. New Hampshire is the only state ranked the lowest with failing scores in this area. New Hampshire fails due to adopted legislation that includes Medicaid telehealth coverage language similar to Medicare restrictions.
- Another area of improvement includes coverage and reimbursement for telemedicine under <u>state employee health plans</u>. Twenty-six states have some type of coverage for telehealth under one or more state employee health plan. Most states self-insure their plans thus traditional private insurer parity language does not automatically affect

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them. 50 percent of the country is ranked the lowest with failing scores due to partial or no coverage of telehealth (Figure 5).

Regarding <u>Medicaid</u>, states continue to move away from the traditional hub-and-spoke model and allow a variety of technology applications. Twenty-eight states do not specify a patient setting as a condition for payment of telemedicine (Figure 6). Aside from this, 40 states recognize the home as an originating site, while 23 states and D.C. recognize schools and/or school-based health centers as an originating site (Figures 7-8).

More states, including Hawaii, Louisiana, and Nebraska, are passing legislation or seeking federal waivers to cover remote patient monitoring for chronic disease management. Twenty-one states now cover remote patient monitoring, while 15 cover services when using store-and-forward technology. Half of the country ranks the lowest with failing scores either because they only cover and reimburse for telemedicine encounters using synchronous platforms. Despite the ubiquitous adoption of smartphones nationwide, Idaho, Missouri, New York, North Carolina and South Carolina prohibit the use of "cell phone video" to facilitate a telemedicine encounter (Figure 9).

There is still a national trend to allow state-wide Medicaid coverage of telemedicine instead of focusing solely on rural areas or designated mileage requirements (Figure 10).

States are also increasingly using telemedicine to fill provider shortage gaps and ensure access to specialty care including dentistry and substance abuse treatment/counseling. Nineteen states do not specify the type of healthcare provider allowed to provide telemedicine as a condition of payment (Figure 11). While 16 states and D.C. ranked the lowest with failing scores for authorizing less than nine health provider types. Montana is the only state that authorizes physicians soley as eligible providers.

Overall, coverage of specialty services for telemedicine under Medicaid is a checkered board and no two states are alike.

- Thirteen states rank the highest for coverage of telemedicine-provided physician services and most states cover an office visit or consultations, with ultrasounds and echocardiograms being the least covered telemedicine-provided services (Figure 12).
- For mental and behavioral health services, generally mental health assessments, individual therapy, psychiatric diagnostic interview exam, and medication management are the most covered via telemedicine. Fifteen states rank the highest for coverage of mental and behavioral health services (Figure 13). High ranking states such as West Virginia encourage the use of telemedicine to provide mental health access. The lowest ranking state for mental health services is New York which finalized regulations placing arbitrary restrictions on telemedicine-provided services.
- Although state policies vary in scope and application, three more states have expanded coverage to include telerehabilitation. Twenty-five states are known to reimburse for

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telerehabilitative services in their Medicaid plans. Of those, 14 states rank the highest with telemedicine coverage for therapy services (Figure 14).

 Alaska and Hawaii are the only states with the highest ranking for telemedicine provided services under the home health benefit (Figure 15). Seventy percent of the country ranked the lowest with failing scores due to a lack of telemedicine services covered under the home health benefit.

Finally, twenty-seven states and D.C. have unique patient informed consent requirements for telemedicine encounters (Figure 16). More states are revising their policies to remove telepresenter requirements. Thrity-four states do not require a telepresenter during the encounter or on the premises (Figure 17).

PURPOSE

Patients and health care enthusiasts across the country want to know how their state compares to other states regarding telemedicine. While there are numerous resources that detail state telemedicine policies, they lack a state-by-state comparison. ATA has created a tool that identifies state policy gaps with the hope that states will respond with more streamlined policies that improve health care quality and reduce costs through accelerated telemedicine adoption.

This report fills that gap by answering the following questions:

- "How does my state's telemedicine policies compare to others?"
- "Which states offer the best coverage for telemedicine provided services?"
- "Which states impose barriers to telemedicine access for patients and providers?"

It is important to note that this report is not a "how-to guide" for telemedicine reimbursement. This is a tool aimed to serve as a reference for interested parties and to inform future policy decision making. The results presented in this document are based on information collected from state statutes, regulations, Medicaid program manuals/bulletins/fee schedules, state employee handbooks, and other federal and state policy resources. It is ATA's best effort to interpret and understand each state's policies. Your own legal counsel should be consulted as appropriate.

OVERVIEW

State lawmakers around the country are giving increased attention to how telehealth can serve their constituents. Policymakers seek to reduce health care delivery problems, contain costs, improve care coordination, and alleviate provider shortages. Many are using telemedicine to achieve these goals.

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Over the past five years the number of states with telemedicine parity laws – that require private insurers to cover telemedicine-provided services comparable to that of in-person – has doubled.² Moreover, Medicaid agencies are developing innovative ways to use telemedicine in their payment and delivery reforms resulting in 50 state Medicaid agencies with some type of coverage for telemedicine provided-services.

Driving the momentum for telemedicine adoption is the creation of new laws that enhance access to care via telemedicine, and the amendment of existing policies with greater implications. Patients and health care providers are benefitting from policy improvements to existing parity laws, expanded service coverage, and removed statutory and regulatory barriers. While there are some states with exemplary telemedicine policies, lack of enforcement and general awareness have led to a lag in provider participation. Ultimately these pioneering telemedicine reforms have trouble reaching their true potential.

Other areas of concern include states that have adopted policies which are limiting in scope or prevent providers and patients from realizing the full benefits of telemedicine. Specifically, artificial barriers such as geographic discrimination and restrictions on provider and patient settings and technology type are harmful and counterproductive.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Scoring

This report considers telemedicine coverage and reimbursement policies in each state based on two categories:

- Health plan parity
- Medicaid conditions of payment.

These categories were measured using 13 indicators. The indicators were chosen based on the most recent and generally accessible information assembled and published by state public entities. Using this information, we took qualitative characteristics based on scope of service, provider and patient eligibility, technology type, and arbitrary conditions of payment and assigned them quantitative values. States were given a certain number of points for each indicator depending on its effectiveness. The points were then used to rank and compare each state by indicator. We used a four-graded system to rank and compare each state. This is based off of the scores given to each state by indicator. Each of the two categories was broken down into indicators – three indicators for health plan parity and 10 indicators for Medicaid conditions of payment.

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Each indicator was given a maximum number of points ranging from 1 to 35. The aggregate score for each indicator was ranked on a scale of A through F based on the maximum number of points.

The report also includes a category to capture innovative payment and service delivery models implemented in each state. In addition to state supported networks in specialty care and correctional health, the report identifies a few federally subsidized programs and waivers that states can leverage to enhance access to health care services using telemedicine.

Limitations

Telemedicine policies in state health plans vary according to a number of factors – service coverage, payment methodology, distance requirements, eligible patient populations and health care providers, authorized technologies, and patient consent. These policy decisions can be driven by many considerations, such as budget, public health and safety needs, available infrastructure or provider readiness.

As such, the material in this report is a snapshot of information gathered through January 2017. The report relies on dynamic policies from payment streams that are often dissimilar and unaligned.

Illinois and Massachusetts have enacted "If, then" telemedicine coverage laws which prevent the enforcement of discriminatory practices such as an in-person encounter.³⁻⁴ "If" the state regulated plan chooses to cover telemedicine-provided services, "then" the plan is prohibited from requiring an in-person visit. ATA does not interpret these statutes as parity laws.

We analyzed both Medicaid fee-for-service (FFS) and managed care plans. Benefit coverage under these plans vary by size and scope. We used physician, mental and behavioral health, home health, and rehabilitation services as a benchmark for our analysis. Massachusetts and New Hampshire do not cover telemedicine-provided services under their FFS plans but do have some coverage under at least one of their managed care plans. As such, the analysis and scores are reflective of the telemedicine offerings in each program, and not the Medicaid program itself, regardless of size and scope.

We did not analyze state Children's Health Insurance Plans (CHIP) plans. We are aware that states provide some coverage of telemedicine-provided services for CHIP beneficiaries. Additionally, some states recognize schools and/or school-based health centers as originating sites, however we did not separately score or rank school-based programs.

Although five states (Arizona, Colorado, Nevada, North Dakota, and Oklahoma) include coverage of telemedicine-provided services under worker's compensation plans, we did not analyze this coverage benefit. ATA may include these plans in future versions of this report as states extend coverage to include telemedicine under worker's compensation and disability insurance.

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Other notable observations in our analysis include state Medicaid plans that do not cover therapy services (i.e. physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language pathology).⁵ States with no coverage for these benefits were not applicable for scoring or ranking.

Additionally, some state policies can be conflicting. States like Connecticut, Hawaii, and New York have enacted laws requiring telemedicine parity in their Medicaid plans. However, regulations and Medicaid provider manuals do not reflect all of these policy changes. In those cases, the analysis and scores are reflective of the authorized regulations and statutes enacted by law unless otherwise noted. Future reports will reflect changes in the law if applicable.

Also, this report is about what each state has "on paper", not necessarily in service. Important factors, such as the actual provision and utilization of telemedicine services and provider collaboration to create service networks are beyond the scope of this report.

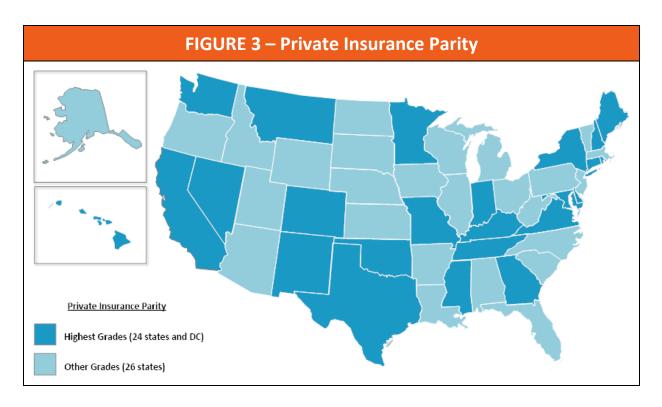
Indicators

Parity

A. Private Insurance

Full parity is classified as comparable coverage for telemedicine-provided services to that of inperson services. Thirty-one states and the District of Columbia have enacted full parity laws. Only Alaska and Arizona have enacted partial parity laws that require coverage, but limits coverage and reimbursement to a predefined list of health care services. Since our initial report, some parity laws have included restrictions on patient settings. For this report's purpose, we added this component to our methodology, and continue to measure other components of state policies that enable or impede parity for telemedicine-provided services under private insurance health plans.

Sca	ale – Private Insurance Parity
Α	7 points
В	6 points
С	5 points
F	≤ 4 points



States with the highest grades for private insurance telemedicine parity provide state-wide coverage, and have no provider, technology, or patient setting restrictions (Figure 3). This year Rhode Island joins other high ranking states with the passage of its 2016 parity law. Among other states with parity laws, Alaska and Vermont scored about average (C). Alaska's law only covers mental health services, while Vermont lawmakers have placed patient setting restrictions on those services eligible for coverage parity. Arizona removed it's rural only restrictions and now offers telehealth parity statewide, yet still continues to limit coverage to interactive audio-video only modalities and specific types of services and conditions that are covered via telemedicine.

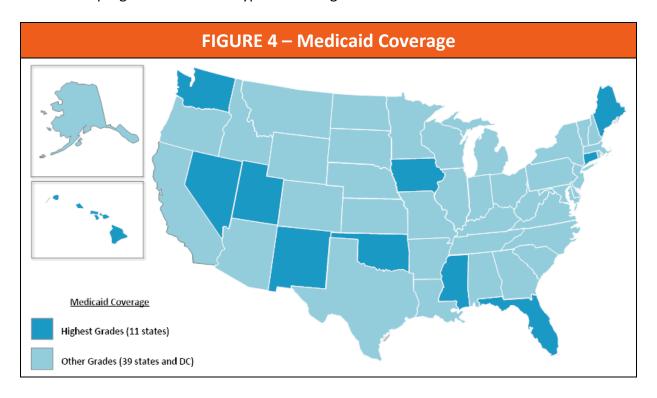
Despite enacting a parity law in March 2015, Arkansas maintains a failing grade because it places arbitrary limits on patient location, eligible provider type, and requires an in-person visit to establish a provider-patient relationship. Forty-four percent of the country ranks the lowest with failing (F) scores, a drop from the initial report.

B. Medicaid

Each state's Medicaid plan was assessed based on service limits and patient setting restrictions. Provider eligibility and the type of technology allowed were also examined to determine the state's capacity to fully utilize telemedicine to overcome barriers to care. For this report's purpose, we measured components of state policies that enable or impede parity for telemedicine-provided services under Medicaid plans.

	Scale – Medicaid Coverage
Α	14+ points
В	10-13 points
С	6-9 points
F	≤ 5 points

All Medicaid programs have some type of coverage for telemedicine.



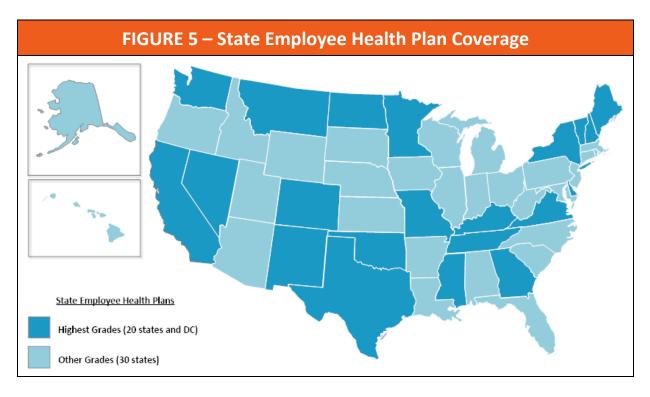
Eleven states have the highest grades for Medicaid coverage of telemedicine-provided services (Figure 4). New Hampshire ranks the lowest with a failing (F) score because it still applies geography limits in addition to restrictions on service coverage, provider eligibility, and patient setting. Connnecticut, Florida, Hawaii, Idaho, Utah, and West Virginia have all made improvements to expand coverage of telemedicine for their Medicaid populations. Rhode Island joins the ranks with telemedicine Medicaid coverage with reimbursement for some initial and follow-up telemedicine consulations.

C. State Employee Health Plans

We measured components of state policies that enable or impede parity for telemedicineprovided services under state-employee health plans. Most states self-insure their plans therefore traditional private insurer parity language does not automatically affect them. Oregon, an exception, amended its parity law to include self-insured state employee health plans.

Scale – State-employee Health Plan Parity		
Α	7 points	
В	6 points	
С	5 points	
F	≤ 4 points	

Twenty-six states provide some coverage for telemedicine under their state employee health plans with all of them extending coverage under their parity laws (Figure 5). North Dakota's parity law only covers state employee health plans. Roughly 50 percent of the country is ranked the lowest with failing scores due to partial or no coverage of telehealth.



Medicaid Service Coverage & Conditions of Payment

D. Patient Setting

In telemedicine policy, the place where the patient is located at the time of service is often referred to as the originating site (in contrast, to the site where the provider is located and often referred to as the distant site). The location of the patient is a contentious component of telemedicine coverage. A traditional approach to telemedicine coverage is to require that the patient be served from a specific type of health facility, such as a hospital or physician's office. With advances in decentralized computing power, such as cloud processing, and mobile telecommunications, such as 5G wireless, the current approach is to cover health services to patients wherever they are e.g. home, place of work, school, etc.

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For this report, we measured components of state Medicaid policies that, for conditions of coverage and payment, broaden or restrict the location of the patient when telemedicine is used. The following sites are observed as qualified patient locations:

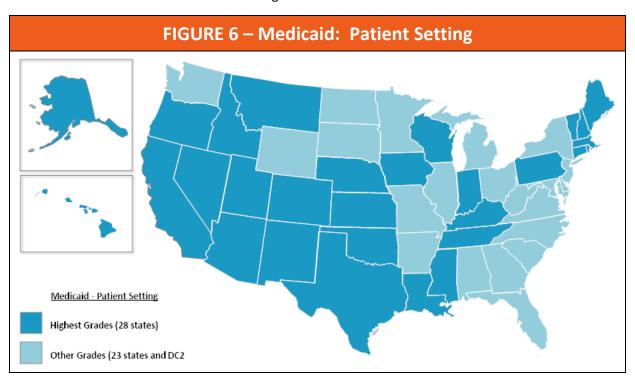
- hospitals
- doctor's office
- other provider's office
- dentist office
- home
- federally qualified health center (FQHC)
- critical access hospital (CAH)
- rural health center (RHC)
- community mental health center (CMHC)
- sole community hospital
- school/school-based health center (SBHC)
- assisted living facility (ALF)
- skilled nursing facility (SNF)
- stroke center
- rehabilitation/therapeutic health setting
- ambulatory surgical center
- residential treatment center
- health departments
- renal dialysis centers
- habilitation centers
- pharmacy.

States received one (1) point for each patient setting authorized as an eligible originating site. Those states that did not specify an originating site were given the maximum score possible (21).

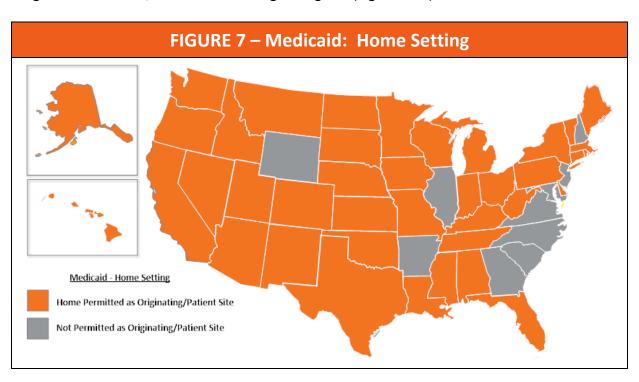
	Scale – Medicaid:
	Patient Settings
Α	16+ points
В	11-15 points
С	6-10 points
F	≤ 5 points

Twenty-eight states do not specify a patient setting or patient location as a condition of payment for telemedicine (Figure 6).

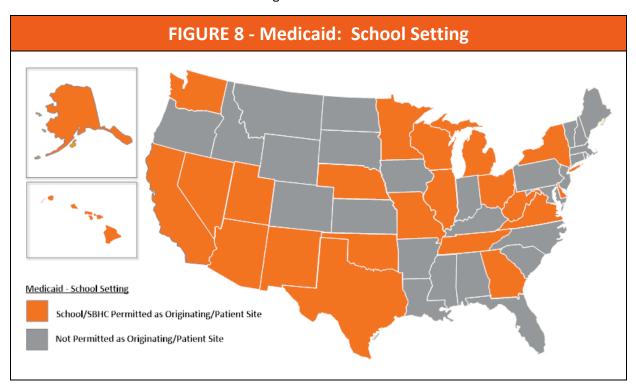
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Aside from this, 40 states allow the home as an originating/patient site, while 23 states and D.C. recognize schools and/or SBHCs as an originating site (Figures 7-8).



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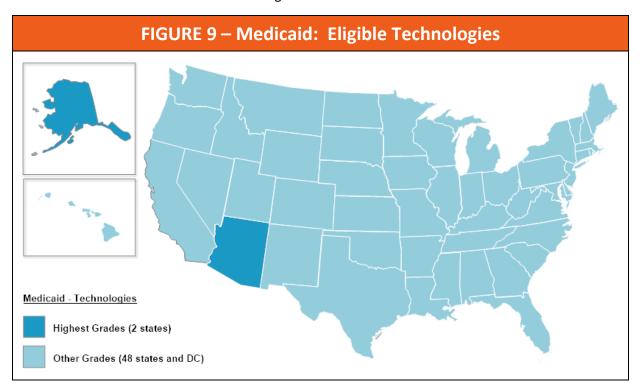
Illinois, New Jersey, and North Dakota ranked the lowest with failing (F) scores for designating less than six patient settings as originating sites.

E. Eligible Technologies

Telemedicine includes the use of numerous technologies to exchange medical information from one site to another via electronic communications. The technologies closely associated with services enabled by telemedicine include videoconferencing, the transmission of still images (also known as store-and-forward), remote patient monitoring (RPM) of vital signs, and telephone calls. For this report, we measured components of state Medicaid policies that allow or prohibit the coverage and/or reimbursement of telemedicine when using these technologies.

	Scale – Medicaid:
	Eligible Technologies
Α	5 points
В	4 points
С	3 points
F	≤ 2 points

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Twelve states score above average on our scale with Alaska and Arizona taking the highest ranking (Figure 9). Alaska covers telemedicine when providers use interactive audio-video, store-and-forward, remote patient monitoring, and audio conferencing for some telemedicine encounters. Arizona allows numerous modalities including phone, video, or store-and-forward to enable its remote patient monitoring service. Alaska, Arizona, Hawaii, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, Texas, and Washington all cover telemedicine when using synchronous technology as well as store-and-forward and remote patient monitoring in some capacity. A little less than 50 percent of the states rank the lowest with failing (F) scores either because they only cover synchronous only or provide no coverage for telemedicine at all.

Further, Idaho, Missouri, New York, North Carolina and South Carolina prohibit the use of "cell phone video" or "video phone" to facilitate a telemedicine encounter.

F. Distance or Geography Restrictions

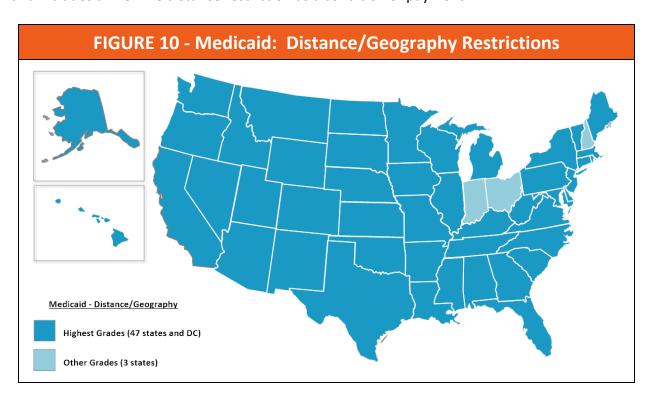
Distance restrictions are measured in miles and designate the amount of distance necessary between a distance site provider and patient as a condition of payment for telemedicine. Geography is classified as rural, urban, metropolitan statistical area (MSA), defined population size, or health professional shortage area (HPSA).

We measured components of state Medicaid policies that apply distance or geographic restrictions for conditions of coverage and payment when telemedicine is performed.

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Scale – Medicaid: Distance &		
	Geography Restrictions	
Α	3 points	
В	2 points	
С	1 point	
F	0 points	

Over the past year, states have made considerable efforts to rescind mileage requirements for covered telemedicine services. Hawaii, Idaho and West Virginia now offer telemedicine statewide. New Hampshire adopted legislation that includes geographically restricted language similar to Medicare. Indiana has statutory authority to remove their mileage requirements for all distance site providers but chooses to enforce the mileage requirement for some eligible providers. Ohio Medicaid approved regulations that allows coverage of telemedicine services, and includes a five mile distance restriction as a condition of payment.



Ninety percent of the states cover telemedicine services state-wide without distance restrictions or geographic designations (Figure 10). This evidence dispels the misconception that telemedicine is only appropriate for rural settings only.

G. Eligible Providers

Most states allow physicians, nurse practitioners, and physician assistants to perform telemedicine encounters within their scope of practice.

We measured components of state Medicaid policies that, for conditions of coverage and payment, broaden or restrict the types of distant site providers allowed to perform the

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telemedicine encounter. The following providers are observed as qualified health care professionals for covered telemedicine-provided services:

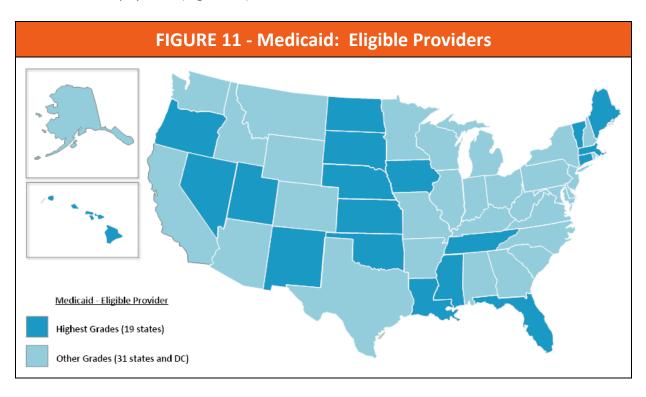
- physician (MD and DO)
- podiatrist
- chiropractor
- optometrist
- genetic counselor
- dentist
- physician assistant (PA)
- nurse practitioner (NP)
- registered nurse
- licensed practical nurse
- certified nurse midwife
- clinical nurse specialist
- psychologist
- marriage and family therapist
- clinical social worker (CSW)
- clinical counselor
- behavioral analyst
- substance abuse/addictions specialist
- clinical therapist
- pharmacist
- physical therapist
- occupational therapist
- speech-language pathologist and audiologist
- registered dietitian/nutritional professional
- diabetes/asthma/nutrition educator
- home health aide
- home health agency (HHA)
- FQHC
- CAH
- RHC
- CMHC
- SNF.

Each state received two (2) points for designating a physician, and one (1) point for each additional eligible provider authorized to provide covered telemedicine services. Those states that did not specify an eligible provider were given the maximum score possible (35).

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	Scale – Medicaid: Eligible Providers
Α	25+ points
В	17-24 points
С	9-16 points
F	≤ 8 points

Nineteen states do not specify the type of health care provider allowed to provide telemedicine as a condition of payment (Figure 11).



Other interesting trends include:

- Increasing coverage of dental services. Arizona, California, Colorado, Minnesota, Missouri, New York, and Washington will cover services provided by a dentist.
- Alaska, California, Colorado, Illinois, Minnesota, Missouri, and Washington which cover services when provided by a podiatrist. Alaska, California, and Kentucky cover services when provided by a chiropractor.
- California, Kentucky, Missouri, and Washington are the only states to specify coverage for services when provided by an optometrist.
- Although CMS has issued guidance clarifying their position on coverage for services related to autism spectrum disorder, only Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Washington specify coverage for telemedicine when provided by behavioral analysts. This trend is unique because these specialists are critical for the treatment of autism spectrum disorders.

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 Other behavioral health trends include New Mexico, Oklahoma, Virginia, West Virginia, Wyoming, and D.C. allow coverage for telemedicine when provided by a substance abuse or addiction specialist.

More states are adding eligible providers to facilitate telemedicine encounters as compared to previous reports. Fourteen states rank the lowest with failing (F) scores for authorizing less than nine health provider types. Montana ranks the lowest with coverage for physicians only.

H. Physician-provided Telemedicine Services

Physician-provided telemedicine services are commonly covered and reimbursed by Medicaid health plans. However, some plans base coverage on a prescribed set of health conditions or services, place restrictions on patient or provider settings, the frequency of covered telemedicine encounters, or exclude services performed by other medical professionals.

For this report, we measured components of state Medicaid policies that broaden or restrict a health professional's ability to use telemedicine to satisfy conditions of coverage and payment.

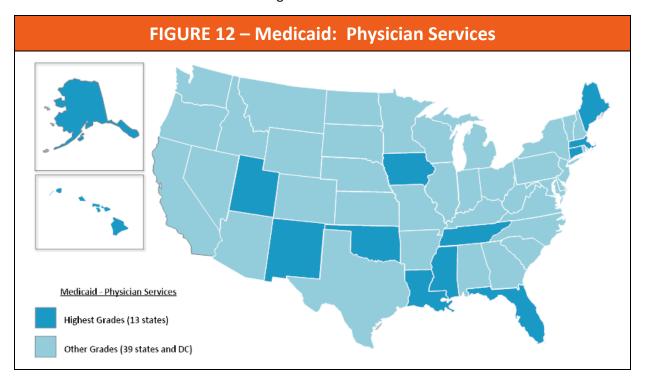
Scale – Medicaid:		
Physician-provided Services		
Α	13 points	
В	10-12 points	
С	7-9 points	
F	≤ 6 points	

Thirteen states rank the highest for coverage of telemedicine-provided physician services (Figure 12). These states have no restrictions on service coverage or additional conditions of payment for services provided via telemedicine. Additionally, these states also allow a physician assistant and/or advanced practice nurse as eligible distant site providers.

Moreover, most states cover an office visit or consultations, with ultrasounds and echocardiograms being the least covered telemedicine-provided services.

Connecticut, Florida, Hawaii, and Utah improved their grade to "A" due to reformed policies which expanded service coverage and removed exisiting restrictions.

Coverage & Reimbursement



The lowest ranking states, which scored a "C", are Arkansas, Georgia, and New York which have limited service coverage and other arbitrary restrictions for telemedicine.

I. Mental and Behavioral Health Services

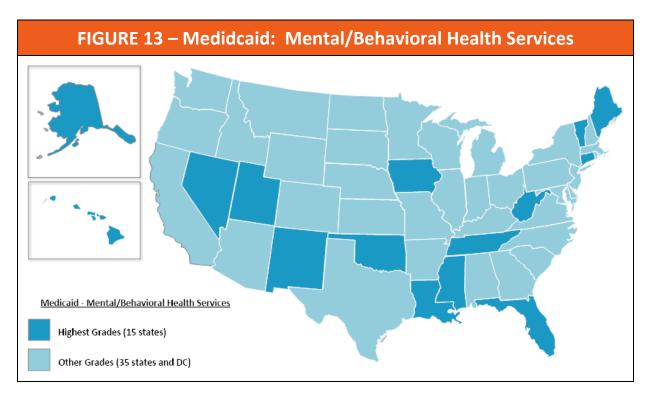
According to ATA's telemental health practice guidelines, telemental health consists of the practice of mental health specialties at a distance using video-conferencing. The scope of services that can be delivered using telemental health includes but is not limited to: mental health assessments, substance abuse treatment, counseling, medication management, education, monitoring, and collaboration. All states have some form of coverage and reimbursement for mental health services provided via telemedicine video-conferencing. While the number of states with coverage in this area suggests enhanced access to mental and behavioral health services, it is important to note that state policies for telemental health vary in specificity and scope.

We measured components of state Medicaid policies that broaden or restrict the availability of services, and types of providers allowed to perform telemedicine encounters for mental and behavioral health services.

Scale – Medicaid: Mental and Behavioral Health Services		
Α	14 points	
В	10-13 points	
С	6-9 points	
F	≤ 5 points	

Coverage & Reimbursement

Generally the telemedicine-provided services that are most often covered under state Medicaid plans include mental health assessments, individual therapy, psychiatric diagnostic interview exam, and medication management. Fifteen states rank the highest for coverage of mental and behavioral health services (Figure 13). These states have no restrictions on service coverage or additional conditions of payment for services provided via telemedicine. Additionally, these states also authorize the participation of at least one other health professional (i.e. physician assistant and advanced practice nurse) as an eligible distant site provider.



It is also more common for states with telemental health coverage to allow physicians that are psychiatrists, advanced practice nurses with clinical specialties, and psychologists to perform the telemedicine encounter. However, many states allow non-medical providers to perform and reimburse for the telemedicine encounter:

- States including Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, D.C., Delaware, Hawaii, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia and Wyoming cover telemedicine when performed by a licensed social worker.
- Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, D.C., Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New Mexico, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wyoming cover telemedicine when provided by a licensed professional counselor.
- Further, Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Washington are the only states to specify coverage for telemedicine when provided by behavioral analysts. This trend is unique because these specialists are critical for the treatment of autism spectrum disorders.

Coverage & Reimbursement

The lowest ranking state, which scored a C, is New York which places technology, provider and patient setting restrictions for the provision of telepsychiatric services. Connecticut, Florida, Hawaii, and Utah improved their grade to "A" due to reformed policies which expanded service coverage and removed exisiting restrictions.

J. Rehabilitation Services

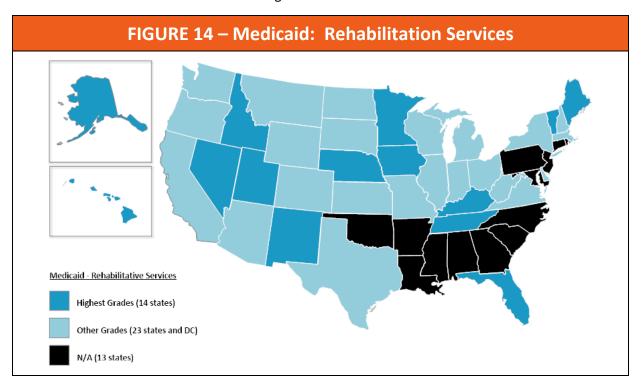
The ATA telerehabilitation guidelines define telerehabilitation as the "delivery of rehabilitation services via information and communication technologies. Clinically, this term encompasses a range of rehabilitation and habilitation services that include assessment, monitoring, prevention, intervention, supervision, education, consultation, and counseling". Rehabilitation professionals utilizing telerehabilitation include: neuropsychologists, speech-language pathologists, audiologists, occupational therapists, and physical therapists.

We measured components of state Medicaid policies that broaden or restrict the availability of services, types of providers allowed to perform the telemedicine encounter, restrictions on patient or provider settings, and coverage for telerehabilitation services.

Scale – Medicaid:		
Rehabilitation Services		
Α	6+ points	
В	4-5 points	
С	2-3 points	
F	≤ 1 points	

Only 37 states were analyzed, scored and ranked for this indicator. Thirteen states do not cover rehabilitation services for their Medicaid recipients. Although state policies vary in scope and application, 26 states are known to reimburse for telerehabilitative services in their Medicaid plans. Of those, 14 states rank the highest with telemedicine coverage for therapy services (Figure 14).

Coverage & Reimbursement



Further, of the 29 states that cover telemedicine under the home health benefit, only Alaska, Colorado, Florida, Hawaii, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Tennessee, and Utah reimburse for telerehabilitative services within the home health benefit.

K. Home Health Services

One well-proven form of telemedicine is remote patient monitoring. Remote patient monitoring may include video or audio consultations with a health provider for ongoing remote measurement of vital signs or medication management, and automated or phone-based checkups of physical and mental well-being. The approach used for each patient should be tailored to the patient's needs and coordinated with the patient's care plan.

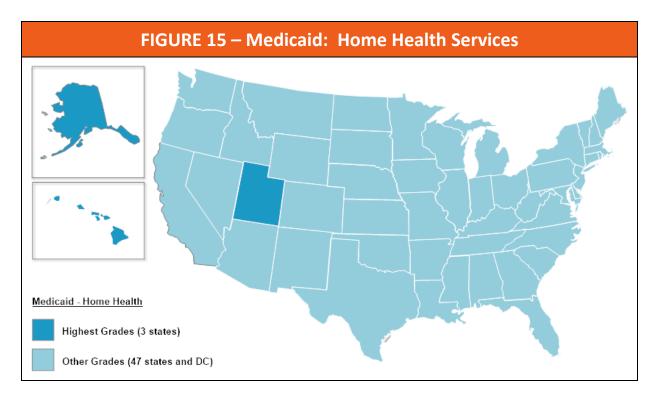
Regarding the delivery of home health services, audio-video consultations may be used to facilitate skilled nursing, physical therapy, occupational therapy, or speech therapy visits.

For this report, we measured components of state Medicaid policies that broaden or restrict the types of providers allowed to perform the telemedicine encounter and services covered for home health services.

Scale – Medicaid: Home Health		
Α	6+ points	
В	4-5 points	
С	2-3 points	
F	≤ 1 point	

Coverage & Reimbursement

Hawaii and Utah join Alaska as the only states with the highest ranking for telemedicine provided services under the home health benefit (Figure 15).



Further, of the 29 states that cover telemedicine under the home health benefit, only Alaska, Colorado, Florida, Hawaii, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Tennessee, and Utah reimburse for telerehabilitative services within the home health benefit. Additionally, Pennsylvania is the only state that will cover telemedicine in the home when provided by a caregiver.

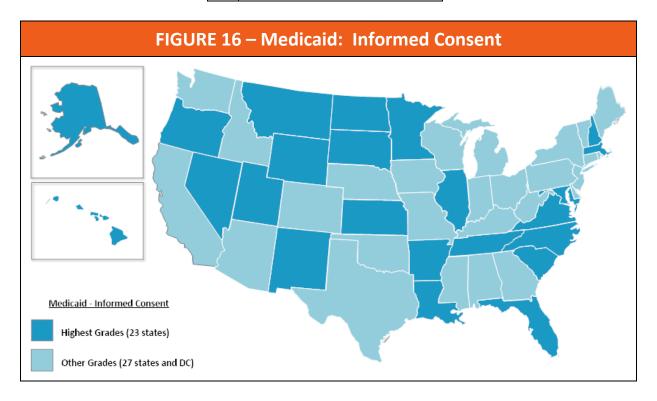
Arizona has reinstated telemedicine reimbursement under their home health benefit which includes audio-video, store-and-forward, and remote patient monitoring coverage. Seventy percent of the country ranked the lowest with failing (F) scores due to a lack of telemedicine services covered under the home health benefit.

L. Informed Consent

We measured components of state Medicaid and medical licensing board policies that apply more stringent requirements for telemedicine as opposed to in-person services. States were evaluated based on requirements for written or verbal informed consent, or unspecified methods of informed consent before a telemedicine encounter can be performed.

Coverage & Reimbursement

Scale – Medicaid:		
Informed Consent		
Α	4 points	
В	3 points	
С	2 points	
F	≤ 1 point	



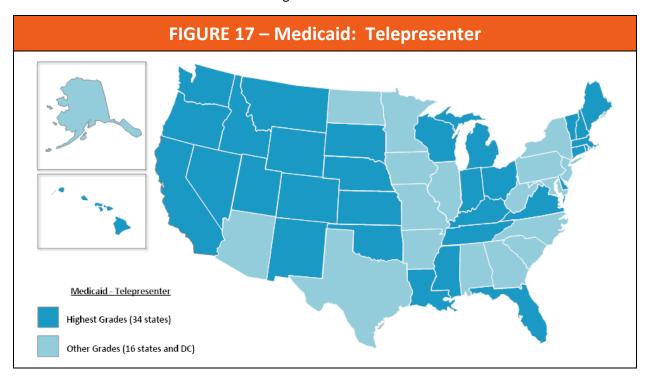
Of the 27 states with informed consent requirements, 18 states have such requirements imposed by their state Medical Board (Figure 16). Although their Medicaid programs now cover telehealth, Rhode Island and Connecticut's Medical Boards require informed consent.

M. Telepresenter

We measured components of state Medicaid and medical licensing board policies that apply more stringent requirements for telemedicine as opposed to in-person services. States were evaluated based on requirements for a telepresenter or health care provider on the premises during a telemedicine encounter.

Scale – Medicaid: Telepresenter		
Α	3 points	
В	2 points	
С	1 point	
F	0 points	

Coverage & Reimbursement



Alaska, Florida, and Oklahoma improved their grades to an "A" due to policy reforms which removed telepresenter requirements. However, Alabama, Georgia, Iowa, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, North Carolina, and West Virginia only require a health care provider to be on the premises and not physically with the patient during a telemedicine encounter (Figure 17). New York requires a telepresenter on the premises for telepsychiatry services.

Innovative Payment or Service Delivery Models

This report also includes a category to capture innovative payment and service delivery models implemented in each state. In addition to state supported networks in specialty care and correctional health, the report identifies a few federally subsidized programs and waivers that states have leveraged to enhance access to health care services using telemedicine.

Over the years, states have increasingly used managed care organizations (MCOs) to create payment and delivery models involving capitated payments to provide better access to care and follow-up for patients, and also to control costs. The variety of payment methods and other operational details among Medicaid managed care arrangements is a useful laboratory for devising, adapting and advancing long-term optimal health delivery. MCOs experimenting with innovative delivery models including medical homes and dual-eligible coordination have incorporated telemedicine as a feature of these models especially because it helps to reduce costs related to emergency room use and hospital admissions.

Twenty-four states authorize telemedicine-provided services under their Medicaid managed care plans. Most notably, Massachusetts and New Hampshire offer coverage under select managed care plans but not under FFS.

Coverage & Reimbursement

The federal Affordable Care Act (ACA) offers states new financing and flexibility to expand their Medicaid programs, as well as to integrate Medicare and Medicaid coverage for dually eligible beneficiaries ("duals"). Michigan, New York and Virginia are the only states that extend coverage of telemedicine-provided services to their dual eligible population through the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Capitated Financial Alignment Model for Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees.⁶

The ACA also includes a health home option to better coordinate primary, acute, behavioral, and long-term and social service needs for high-need, high-cost beneficiaries. The chronic conditions include mental health, substance use disorder, asthma, diabetes, heart disease, overweight (body mass index over 25), and other conditions that CMS may specify.

Nineteen states have approved health home state plan amendments (SPAs) from CMS.⁷ Alabama, Iowa, Maine, New York, Ohio, and West Virginia are the only states that have incorporated some form of telemedicine into their approved health home proposals.

Medicaid plans have several options to cover remote patient monitoring, usually under a federal waiver such as the Home and Community-based Services (HCBS) under Social Security Act section 1915(c). States may apply for this waiver to provide long-term care services in home and community settings rather than institutional settings. Kansas, Louisiana, and Pennsylvania are the only states that have used their waivers to provide telemedicine to beneficiaries in the home, specifically for the use of home remote patient monitoring.

State Report Cards

Telemedicine in Alabama



PARITY:			
Private Insurance	F		
Medicaid ¹⁰	C F		
State Employee Health Plan	F		
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:			
Patient Setting	С		
Eligible Technologies	C		
Distance or Geography	Α		
Restrictions			
Eligible Providers	F		
Physician-provided Services	В		
Mental/behavioral Health	В		
Services ¹¹			
Rehabilitation	N/A		
Home Health ¹²	F		
Informed Consent	F		
Telepresenter	В		
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:			
State-wide Network			
Medicaid Managed Care			
Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles			
Health Home ¹³			
HCBS Waiver			
Corrections	V		
Other ¹⁴	V		

GAPS:

Private Insurance

AL has no parity law although bordered by GA, MS, and TN that have private insurance parity laws. No parity legislation introduced within the past two years.

Medicaid

- Limited patient settings include hospital, physician's office, FQHC, CAH, RHC, CMHC. The home is recognized as an originating site under the Health Home model for RPM use only.
- Eligible providers are restricted to MDs/DOs, PAs, and NPs for physician and mental health services.
- Requires written informed consent and a telepresenter on the premises.
- Eligible provider must submit telemedicine services agreement.9

Innovation

CMS approved Health Home program based off of the successful Patient 1st medical home model uses home health nurses employed by the Department of Health to remotely monitor vital signs for patients with diabetes, hypertension, and congestive heart disease. Although the use of RPM was approved for this program, there is no mention of using other telemedicine modalities.

Telemedicine in Alaska



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	С	Progress
Medicaid ^{18- 24}	В	AK enacted a partial parity law in 2016 covering
State Employee Health Plan	F	mental health services. 15
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE	iE &	 2016 legislation enacted authorizes Medicaid to expand the use of telehealth for primary care,
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT	Γ:	behavioral health, and urgent care.16
Patient Setting A		Medicaid
Eligible Technologies	Α	Telemedicine coverage under the Medicaid plan
Distance or Geography	Α	is broad and the least restrictive compared to
Restrictions		other states. However not all benefits are
Eligible Providers	В	covered when using telemedicine, thus leaving
Physician-provided Services	Α	out services including dental and ocular care.
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	 AK Medicaid will cover services when delivered
Services ²⁵⁻²⁶		using dedicated audio conferencing system.
Rehabilitation ²⁷	Α	 School-based services are covered when
Home Health ²⁸	Α	provided via telemedicine: audiology,
Informed Consent	Α	behavioral health, nursing, occupational
Telepresenter	Α	therapy, physical therapy, and speech-language
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		 therapy.¹⁷ No additional telepresenter or informed consent requirements from Medicaid or other state licensing boards.
State-wide Network		Ç
Medicaid Managed Care	N/A	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Arizona



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	В	Private Insurance
Medicaid ³⁰⁻³¹	В	2016 law removed rural-only geographic
State Employee Health Plan	В	restrictions and adds pulmonology to list of
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F &	covered services under private insurance and state employee health plan parity law. Telehealth
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		coverage is still limited to only eight health
Patient Setting	Α	services. This law goes into effect in 2018. ²⁹
Eligible Technologies ³²	A	Medicaid
Distance or Geography	Α	AZ has varying service coverage under its Medicaid
Restrictions		FFS, managed care plans, and Indian Health
Eligible Providers	С	Service program. This includes echocardiography,
Physician-provided Services ³³	В	retinal screening, medical nutrition therapy and
Mental/behavioral Health	В	patient education for diabetes and chronic kidney
Services		disease care.
Rehabilitation	F	1 of 4 states with coverage for services provided
Home Health	С	by a behavioral analyst. These specialists are
Informed Consent	В	critical for the treatment of autism spectrum disorders.
Telepresenter	С	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR		The agency covers teledentistry.There are no patient setting limits for
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		telemedicine coverage under AZ Medicaid FFS or
	,. 	managed care.
State-wide Network ³⁴	V	 AZ Medicaid covers RPM, store-and-forward, and
Medicaid Managed Care ³⁵	/	audio-video for home health services.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		Innovation
Health Home		 AZ Telemedicine Program offers clinical,
HCBS Waiver		educational, and administrative services via
Corrections	V	telemedicine across the state.
Other		Opportunity
		Opportunity2017 legislation would allow providers to
		negotiate payment for any covered service
		delivered via telemedicine, SB 1398.
		a control of the continuous and a second

Telemedicine in Arkansas



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid	С	 AR's parity law was enacted in 2015 and
State Employee Health Plan	F	includes telemedicine coverage for physician-
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		provided services under private insurance, Medicaid, and state employee health plans. This is the only telemedicine parity law that
Patient Setting	С	requires an in-person encounter as a condition
Eligible Technologies	F	of coverage and payment.
Distance or Geography	Α	AR is 1 of 4 states that cover interactive audio-
Restrictions		video only as a condition of their parity law.
Eligible Providers	F	Medicaid
Physician-provided Services ³⁷	С	 Regulations proposed in 2016 to expand
Mental/behavioral Health	В	coverage other consultations. Currently covers
Services ³⁸		telehealth-provided physician services services
Rehabilitation	N/A	only.
Home Health	F	 Telemedicine coverage under Medicaid includes
Informed Consent	Α	limits on service coverage, frequency, patient
Telepresenter	C	settings and eligible distant site providers.
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF		 One of few states with coverage for fetal
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	_	echography and echocardiography via telemedicine. 36
State-wide Network		 Requires a telepresenter at the originating site.
Medicaid Managed Care		 Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		Innovation
Health Home		Specialty maternal-fetal telemedicine network
HCBS Waiver		operated by University of Arkansas.
Corrections		
Other ³⁹⁻⁴⁰	~	

Telemedicine in California



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ⁵⁰⁻⁵²	В	CA's private insurance parity law was enacted in
State Employee Health Plan	Α	1996. ⁴¹
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		Medicaid Coverage for interactive audio-video, as well as
Patient Setting	Α	store-and-forward for the purposes of
Eligible Technologies ⁵³⁻⁵⁴	С	dermatology, ophthalmology, and dentistry. 42-44
Distance or Geography	Α	 Also recognizes OT, PT, speech language therapists, and audiologists as eligible providers
Restrictions		of telemedicine but only offers billing details for
Eligible Providers	C	school-based speech therapy via telehealth. 45-46
Physician-provided Services	В	2014 law allows verbal or written method of
Mental/behavioral Health Services ⁵⁵	В	collection to satisfy patient informed consent
Rehabilitation	С	requirements. ⁴⁷⁻⁴⁹
Home Health	F	One of few Medicaid programs that covers tolodoptictry
Informed Consent	В	teledentistry.
Telepresenter	Α	Innovation
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		CA Medicaid's ambulatory visit services provided via telemedicine are reimbursed at the Indian Health Service all-inclusive rate.
State-wide Network ⁵⁶	✓	 California Telehealth Network supports
Medicaid Managed Care	~	broadband connections of many institutions state-wide.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		State Wide.
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections	V	
Other ⁵⁷	V	

Telemedicine in Colorado



30.0.		
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Progress
Medicaid ⁶³⁻⁶⁴	В	CO added coverage of asynchronous
State Employee Health Plan	Α	telemedicine-provided dental services to its
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		 Medicaid state plan amendment.⁵⁸ CO Medicaid now reimburses for "Telemdicine Direct Member Services" which allows the
Patient Setting	Α	delivery of services to the patient's home, and
Eligible Technologies	С	does not have to include a telepresenter.
Distance or Geography Restrictions	Α	Private Insurance
Eligible Providers	С	 CO amended their parity law to remove the
Physician-provided Services	В	rural restrictions. Effective 2017, the state will
Mental/behavioral Health	В	have state-wide telehealth parity coverage for
Services		all private and state employee health plans in the state. ⁵⁹
Rehabilitation	В	the state.33
Home Health	С	Medicaid
Informed Consent	F F	 CO Medicaid imposes restrictions on the types
Telepresenter	Α	of providers to render telemedicine, and
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		covered services via interactive audio-video only such as medical, specialty, behavioral health services, and speech therapy services.
State-wide Network ⁶⁵	~	Coverage for RPM for acute and long term
Medicaid Managed Care	~	home health services. 60 - 62 Requires written informed consent.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		Opportunities
Health Home		Colorado Telehealth Network supports
HCBS Waiver		broadband connections of many institutions state-wide.
Corrections		State Wide.
Other		

Telemedicine in Connecticut



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Progress
Medicaid	A	CT enacted a telehealth parity law for Medicaid
State Employee Health Plan	F	in 2016. No additional guidance or regulation has been developed. 66
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		CT enacted a modernized network adequacy law. ⁶⁷
Patient Setting	Α	Private Insurance
Eligible Technologies	В	CT enacted a telemedicine parity law for private
Distance or Geography	Α	insurance coverage in 2015. ⁶⁸
Restrictions	_	msurance coverage in 2013.
Eligible Providers	Α	Medicaid
Physician-provided Services	Α	Medicaid statute authorizes a telemedicine
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	demonstration for beneficiaries located at
Services	NI/A	FQHCs. ⁶⁹
Rehabilitation Home Health	N/A F	2015 telemedicine law requires clinicians to
Informed Consent	В	obtain unspecified patient informed consent.
Telepresenter	A	 Home Health workgroup having conversations
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	₹	about RPM reimbursement under Medicaid. ⁷⁰
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Delaware



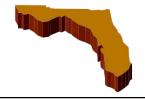
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	A	Private Insurance
Medicaid	В	 DE enacted telemedicine parity law in 2015.⁷¹
State Employee Health Plan	A	
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		 Medicaid DE Medicaid published an update to the practitioner billing manual further defining
Dationt Sotting	D	appropriate billing conditions for telemedicine-
Patient Setting Eligible Technologies	B F	provided services. ⁷²
Distance or Geography	A	The state will only pay for services rendered via
Restrictions	A	interactive audio-video.
Eligible Providers	С	 DE Medicaid designates certain types of
Physician-provided Services	В	providers to render telemedicine.
Mental/behavioral Health	В	 The patient setting is limited to a menu set of
Services		health facilities, but also includes a patient's
Rehabilitation	С	home, school-based wellness centers, and
Home Health	F	"other sites" at the discretion of the agency. 73
Informed Consent	F	
Telepresenter	Α	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care	V	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in D.C.



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance ⁷⁴	A	Progress
Medicaid ⁷⁷	C	D.C. Medicaid published emergency regulations for Medicaid EES soverage and conditions of
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		 for Medicaid FFS coverage and conditions of billing telemedicine.⁷⁵ Other published emergency regulations enable FQHCs to use telemedicine inlieu of a face-to-
Patient Setting	С	face visit for purposes of Medicaid billing. 76
Eligible Technologies	F	
Distance or Geography	Α	Private Insurance
Restrictions		D.C. parity law was enacted in 2013 and requires
Eligible Providers	С	coverage for telemedicine-provided services
Physician-provided Services	В	under private plans and Medicaid.
Mental/behavioral Health	В	Medicaid
Services		D.C. Medicaid imposes restrictions on covered
Rehabilitation	F	services as well as patient settings, and
Home Health	F	designates certain provider types to render the
Informed Consent	F	service.
Telepresenter	В	 No coverage for store-and-forward or remote
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	₹	patient monitoring under FFS. Some Medicaid
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	S:	managed care plans cover home RPM.Requires a telepresenter for school-based
State-wide Network		telemedicine encounters. The telepresenter is
Medicaid Managed Care	V	optional for other covered services depending
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		on the patient's preference.
Eligibles		Providers must obtain written informed
Health Home		consent, and respond to a quarterly
HCBS Waiver		Telemedicine Program Evaluation suvery.
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Florida



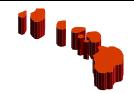
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Progress
Medicaid	Α	 FL added coverage of telemedicine to its
State Employee Health Plan	F	Medicaid state plan amendment. ⁷⁸
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		 FL finalized regulations to remove restrictions and expand coverage under Medicaid⁷⁹
Patient Setting	Α	Private Insurance
Eligible Technologies	F	Borders GA which has a private insurance parity
Distance or Geography	Α	law. No parity legislation introduced in 2016.
Restrictions		
Eligible Providers	Α	Medicaid
Physician-provided Services	Α	 New regulations include coverage for all
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	licensed providers within their scope of practice.
Services		 There are no restrictions on patient settings.
Rehabilitation	Α	Coverage for interactive audio-video only. No
Home Health	В	separate reimbursement for store-and-forward
Informed Consent	Α	for remote patient monitorin.
Telepresenter	Α	No requirements for telepresenter or providers
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		 to obtain additional patient informed consent. FL Medicaid has transitioned a majority of their beneficiaries to managed care. Therefore, providers have more flexibility to negotiate
State-wide Network		coverage for additional telehealth-provided
Medicaid Managed Care	V	services.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Georgia



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Progress
Medicaid ⁸⁵	С	GA added emergency ambulances as an eligible
State Employee Health Plan	Α	originating site to its state plan amendment. ⁸⁰⁻⁸¹
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F Ω .	A telepresenter is no longer required as a
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		condition of Medicaid payment unless
CONDITIONS OF PATIVIENT	•	determined medically necessary by the distant
Patient Setting	С	site provider.
Eligible Technologies	F	Pivate Insurance
Distance or Geography	Α	GA's parity law was enacted in 2006 and
Restrictions		includes state-employee health plan coverage. 82
Eligible Providers	F	includes state employee nearth plan coverage.
Physician-provided Services	С	Medicaid
Mental/behavioral Health	В	Medicaid imposes restrictions on the patient
Services	21.72	settings, covered services and designates
Rehabilitation	N/A	eligible distant site providers and provider
Home Health	F	settings as a condition of payment.
Informed Consent	F	 Includes school-based clinic as an originating
Telepresenter	В	site. ⁸³⁻⁸⁴
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	3	Medicaid also places frequency limits on some
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	S:	covered telemedicine services.
		 Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
State-wide Network ⁸⁶	V	Telemedicine handbook requires written
Medicaid Managed Care	V	informed consent and provider on the premises.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		Innovation
Eligibles		Georgia Partnership for Telehealth creates and
Health Home		provides multi-point web access to new and
HCBS Waiver		existing telemedicine providers all over the
Corrections	V	state.
Other		

Telemedicine in Hawaii



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance ⁸⁷	Α	Progress
Medicaid	Α	HI's private insurance parity law was enacted in
State Employee Health Plan	В	1999. In 2016, the Governor approved
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F 2.	legislation improving the existing parity law with
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		requirements for payment parity and removing
CONDITIONS OF PATIVIENT	•	telepresenter requirements. ⁸⁸ The 2016 law also removed the Medicad FFS
Patient Setting	Α	
Eligible Technologies	В	and managed care originating site and rural-only geographic restrictions.
Distance or Geography	Α	 HI self-funds some of their state employee
Restrictions		health plan offerings but has fully insured HMO.
Eligible Providers	Α	The parity law applies to those plans offered
Physician-provided Services	Α	under the HMO. ⁸⁹
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	ander the rimer
Services		Medicaid
Rehabilitation	Α	New laws prevent Medicaid from denying
Home Health	Α	coverage for telehealth-provided services if the
Informed Consent	A	service is already covered when provided in-
Telepresenter	Α	person.
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	₹	 Originating site expanded to include a patient's
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	S:	work location and home, university-based
		health centers, and school-based health centers.
State-wide Network		 The new law also expands coverage to include
Medicaid Managed Care	V	remote patient monitoring, store-and-forward,
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		and mobile health.
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Idaho



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Progress
Medicaid ⁹¹	В	 ID Medicaid published new rules to allow
State Employee Health Plan	F	coverage of primary care, OT, PT, speech
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		 therapy, language, and sign language interpretive services via telehealth. 90 Rural-only and geographic limitations removed from provider manual.
Patient Setting	Α	Hom provider mandar.
Eligible Technologies	F	Private Insurance
Distance or Geography	Α	Borders MT, NV, OR and WA which have private
Restrictions		insurance parity laws. No telemedicine parity
Eligible Providers	С	law and no history of proposed legislation within
Physician-provided Services	В	the past 3 years.
Mental/behavioral Health	В	the past 3 years.
Services		Medicaid
Rehabilitation	A	Covers behavioral health, primary care,
Home Health	F	physician, specialty, crisis intervention, PT, OT,
Informed Consent	F	speech therapy, APRN, and language
Telepresenter	Α	interpretive services.
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		 Although no specific patient setting is specified, community based rehab services are covered in the school.
State-wide Network		 Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
Medicaid Managed Care		 Requires written informed consent.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Illinois



PARITY:		GAPS:
PARIII.		GAFS.
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid ⁹⁵	С	 IL has no telemedicine parity law although
State Employee Health Plan	F	bordered by IN, KY and MO which have private
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	· F O	insurance parity laws. In 2015-2016, SB 452 was
		introduced to allow full parity, and HB 76 to include telehealth in the mental health parity law.
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT	•	Both bills failed to pass. 92
Patient Setting	F	 A 2014 law prohibits individual and group accident
Eligible Technologies	С	and health insurance plans, who <u>choose</u> to cover
Distance or Geography	Α	telemedicine, from requiring in-person contact. 93
Restrictions		
Eligible Providers	F	Medicaid
Physician-provided Services	В	 Medicaid imposes restrictions on covered services,
Mental/behavioral Health	В	patient settings, and distant site providers but
Services ⁹⁶	_	includes coverage for services provided by local
Rehabilitation	F	education agencies (schools) and a podiatrist.
Home Health	F	 IL Department of Aging is authorized to fund older adult services such as home telemedicine
Informed Consent	A	monitoring devices. ⁹⁴
Telepresenter	С	Store-and-forward allowed for dermatologic
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	₹	purposes.
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	S:	Telepresenter required.
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Indiana



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ¹⁰⁰	С	 IN enacted a telemedicine parity law in 2015
State Employee Health Plan	F	which covers private insurance, but does not
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	E 9.	include dental or vision plans. ⁹⁷
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		no dissid
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT	:	Medicaid
Patient Setting	С	2013 law expanded coverage to include FQHCs, PUGS CAUGE CAUGE and began beauty.
Eligible Technologies	С	RHCs, CMHCs, CAHs, and home health agencies. 98
Distance or Geography	В	 Rulemaking maintains 20 mile distance limit for
Restrictions		other qualifying health facilities.
Eligible Providers	С	 Requires at least one in-person follow-up by a
Physician-provided Services	В	physician.
Mental/behavioral Health	В	 Remote patient monitoring covered under the
Services	_	home health benefit. ⁹⁹
Rehabilitation Home Health	F	 Coverage for interactive audio-video and RPM,
Informed Consent	F	yet no telehealth coverage for skilled nursing or
Telepresenter	A	other home health benefits such as rehab.
Telepresentel	A	 Requires written informed consent.
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	₹	
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	S:	Opportunity
		 Legislation introduced in 2017 would remove
State-wide Network		the distance restrictions and expand telehealth
Medicaid Managed Care	V	coverage under Medicaid, HB 1337.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in lowa



		•
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid	Α	 IA has no telemedicine parity law although
State Employee Health Plan	F	bordered by MN, MO which have private
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		insurance parity laws. Medicaid
Patient Setting	Α	IA legislature enacted a new law in 2015 that
Eligible Technologies	F	ensures telehealth parity under Medicaid.
Distance or Geography	Α	Agency finalized new rules that enforce parity
Restrictions		for existing covered services. 101-102 No inclusion of store-and-forward and remote
Eligible Providers	Α	
Physician-provided Services	Α	patient monitoring.Although not a required condition of payment,
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	the IA Medical Board requires an unspecificed
Services		form of patient consent for telemedicine.
Rehabilitation	A	Torm or patient consent for telemeatomer
Home Health	В	Innovation
Informed Consent	В	IA's health home plan will provide services to
Telepresenter	Α	individuals with 2 chronic conditions including
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		24/7 access to the care team that includes but is not limited to a phone triage system with appropriate scheduling during/after regular
State-wide Network		business hours to avoid unnecessary ER visits
Medicaid Managed Care		and hospitalizations. Use of email, text
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		messaging, patient portals and other technology
Eligibles		as available to the practice to communicate with
Health Home	V	patients is encouraged. ¹⁰³
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		

Other

Telemedicine in Kansas



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid	В	KS has not telemedicine parity law and bordered
State Employee Health Plan	F	by CO, MO, and OK which have private
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		insurance parity laws. Medicaid
Patient Setting	Α	Medicaid provides telemedicine coverage for
Eligible Technologies	С	office visits, psychotherapy, and medication
Distance or Geography	Α	management, yet does not specify the originating site location.
Restrictions		 No coverage for therapies via telemedicine
Eligible Providers	Α	under home health benefit.
Physician-provided Services	В	ander nome nearth benefit.
Mental/behavioral Health	В	Innovation
Services	_	 Coverage for RPM and medication management
Rehabilitation	F	available through approved HCBS waiver. The
Home Health	В	waiver expires December 2019. 104-105
Informed Consent	A	
Telepresenter	Α	Opportunity
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR	ł .	Telemedicine parity legislation introduced in
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	; :	2017 would allow coverage parity under private
Chala dida National		insurance and Medicaid, HB 2206. ¹⁰⁶
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care	/	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver	~	
Corrections	~	
Other		
Corrections		

Telemedicine in Kentucky



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Progress
Medicaid ¹⁰⁹⁻¹¹⁰	В	 In 2016, legislation was passed authorizing
State Employee Health Plan	Α	Medicaid to sumbit a state plan amendment
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	iE &	covering home remote patient monitoring. 107
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT	Γ:	Private Insurance
Patient Setting	Α	KY's private insurance parity law was enacted in
Eligible Technologies	F	2000 and also includes coverage for state
Distance or Geography	Α	employee health plans. ¹⁰⁸
Restrictions		B.O. dissid
Eligible Providers	В	Medicaid
Physician-provided Services	В	Independent rehabilitation specialists are not aligible for telemodising reimbursement under
Mental/behavioral Health	В	eligible for telemedicine reimbursement under Medicaid rules.
Services		 Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
Rehabilitation ¹¹¹	Α	 Requires written informed consent.
Home Health	С	Requires written informed consent.
Informed Consent	F	
Telepresenter	Α	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care ¹¹²	/	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections	~	
Other		

Telemedicine in Louisiana



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	В	Private Insurance
Medicaid ¹¹⁷	В	 LA's private insurance parity law was enacted in
State Employee Health Plan	В	1995. It is the only state with a parity law that
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F &	specifies coverage of telemedicine when
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		 provided by physicians only. 113 LA Taskforce created by legislature to study
Patient Setting	Α	telemedicine opportunities and gaps in the
Eligible Technologies	F	state. ¹¹⁴
Distance or Geography	Α	
Restrictions		Medicaid
Eligible Providers	Α	Coverage for interactive audio-video only. 2013 John from the Department of Health and
Physician-provided Services	Α	 2013 letter from the Department of Health and Human Services indicated a need to change and
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	clarify policies related to telemedicine including
Services		coverage for store-and-forward and RPM. 115
Rehabilitation	N/A	coverage for store-affu-forward affu KF W.
Home Health	F	Innovation
Informed Consent	Α	 Community Choices Waiver covers home-bas
Telepresenter	Α	telecare activity, sensor, health status, and
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		medication monitoring for elders or adults with disbilities. 116
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver	~	
Corrections	V	
Other		

Telemedicine in Maine



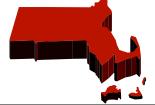
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PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Progress
Medicaid ¹²¹	Α	ME Medicaid published new rules which include
State Employee Health Plan	Α	originating site fees, and coverage for home
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		RPM and interprofessional services provided by a consultative physician. 118
Patient Setting	Α	Private Insurance
Eligible Technologies	В	 ME's parity law for Medicaid and private
Distance or Geography	Α	insurance was enacted in 2009 and also includes
Restrictions		coverage for state employee health plans. ¹¹⁹
Eligible Providers	Α	Bandinaid
Physician-provided Services	Α	Medicaid
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	No limits on patient setting, covered services, or oligible providers.
Services		eligible providers.
Rehabilitation	Α	 Coverage for remote patient monitoring, interactive audio-video as well as audio-only
Home Health	В	under certain circumstances.
Informed Consent	F	New rules require the provider to obtain a
Telepresenter	Α	written informed consent.
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		Innovation Maine Telemedicine Services is an open and
State-wide Network ¹²²	~	interoperable network that offers clinical,
Medicaid Managed Care		educational, and administrative services via
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		telemedicine across the state.
Eligibles		Health home proposal was approved by CMS. Madel includes support for sore.
Health Home	~	Model includes support for care
HCBS Waiver		management/coordination activities. The health home practice and community care team
Corrections	V	will have the option of utilizing technology
Other		conferencing tools including audio, video and/or web deployed solutions to support care management/coordination activities. 120

Telemedicine in Maryland



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ¹²⁶	C	Maryland's private insurance parity law was
State Employee Health Plan	В	enacted in 2012. 123 The parity law also applies
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		to the fully insured health plan offerings for Maryland's state employees. • MD enacted a modernized network adequacy
Patient Setting	С	law. ¹²⁴
Eligible Technologies	F	
Distance or Geography	Α	Medicaid
Restrictions		MD Medicaid issued new rules in 2016 which
Eligible Providers	F	streamlined the provider registration process,
Physician-provided Services	В	added primary providers as distant site
Mental/behavioral Health	В	providers and certain substance use disorder
Services		treatment providers as originating sites, and allowed providers to use telehealth to
Rehabilitation	N/A	communicate American Sign Language (ASL) to
Home Health	F	patient's in their home or other location. 125
Informed Consent	Α	 Despite having statutory authority to cover and
Telepresenter	В	reimburse for all services appropriately provided
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		via telemedicine the new rules place limits on allowable patient settings and types of providers who may render and get reimbursed for
State-wide Network		telemedicine.
Medicaid Managed Care	V	Telemedicine must enable the patient "to see
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		and interact" with the health care provider. The
Eligibles		agency does not cover RPM or store-and- forward.
Health Home		 Distant site and originating site providers must
HCBS Waiver		register with the Department detailing their
Corrections	V	telemedicine service delivery plan.
Other		Opportunity
		 2017 legislation would exand telehealth
		coverage under Medicaid, SB 570 and HB 658.

Telemedicine in Massachusetts



		€ €
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid	В	 MA borders CT, NH, NY, RI and VT which have
State Employee Health Plan	F	private insurance parity laws.
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE CONDITIONS OF PAYMEN		Medicaid Offers coverage under select managed care along but not under EEC 127-131
Patient Setting	Α	plans but <u>not</u> under FFS. 127-131
Eligible Technologies	С	 Authorized to cover remote monitoring for home health agencies. Rules are in
Distance or Geography	A	development.
Restrictions		development.
Eligible Providers	Α	Innovation
Physician-provided Services	Α	Received grant to establish a National Sexual
Mental/behavioral Health	В	Assault TeleNursing Center that will use
Services	_	telemedicine technology to provide 24/7, 365
Rehabilitation	F	day remote expert consultation by 24-25 MA
Home Health ¹³⁴	F	Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) to
Informed Consent	A	clinicians caring for adult and adolescent sexual
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT O	R	assault patients in remote and/or underserved regions of the United States. 132
SERVICE DELIVERY MODEL	3:	Opportunity
State-wide Network	~	A number of bills introduced in 2017 to achieve
Medicaid Managed Care	V	parity under private insurance, Medicaid and state employee plans. 133
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		otate on project prants
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Michigan



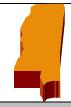
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	В	Private Insurance
Medicaid ¹³⁸⁻¹³⁹	С	 MI's private insurance parity law was enacted in
State Employee Health Plan	F	2012. MI is 1 of 4 states that cover interactive
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	E &	audio-video only as a condition of their parity law. 135
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT	:	
Patient Setting	В	Medicaid
Eligible Technologies	F	 Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
Distance or Geography	Α	 Eliminated distance requirements in 2013.
Restrictions		 Limits on covered services and patient settings,
Eligible Providers	С	but the agency does not specify the types of
Physician-provided Services	В	practitioners who are eligible distant site
Mental/behavioral Health	В	providers.
Services		The agency covers telepractice for speech-
Rehabilitation	С	language and audiology services provided within
Home Health	F	the School Based Services (SBS) program which is now in effect. 136
Informed Consent	В	is now in effect.
Telepresenter	Α	Innovation
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	2	CMS approved duals proposal includes coverage
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		for telemedicine. 137
SERVICE BELIVERY WIGHES	,. 	
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care	~	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual	V	
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Minnesota



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ¹⁴³⁻¹⁴⁵	В	MI enacted a telemedicine parity law in 2015 for
State Employee Health Plan	Α	private insurers and state employee health
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F &	plans, including dental and joint self insured plans. 140
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		· ·
Patient Setting	В	Medicaid
Eligible Technologies	В	New policies included in the parity law impose
Distance or Geography	Α	attestation requirements before payment is
Restrictions		made for telemedicine.
Eligible Providers	В	 Coverage for interactive audio-video and store- and-forward.
Physician-provided Services	В	 Distant site provider is limited to a menu set of
Mental/behavioral Health	В	providers including OT, PT, and speech
Services 146		therapists, and audiologists. Providers are not
Rehabilitation ¹⁴⁶	A	required to be located in a medical facility.
Home Health ¹⁴⁷	C	Medicaid also places frequency limits on all
Informed Consent	A B	covered telemedicine services.
Telepresenter	D	MN Medicaid now covers dental and alcohol
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	₹	and substance abuse services via telemedicine
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	S:	under the physician services benefit.
		 Covers skilled nursing and cost of RPM
State-wide Network		equipment rental under home health benefit.
Medicaid Managed Care		 Telepresenter required on premises.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles Health Home		Innovation
		Chemical Dependency Continuum of Care Pilot
HCBS Waiver		Project implemented in 2013 to improve access
Corrections		to treatment and recovery support for alcohol and drug abuse services. 141-142
Other		and drug abuse services.

Telemedicine in Mississippi



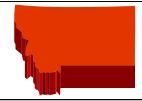
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid	Α	 MS's parity law was enacted in 2013. The law
State Employee Health Plan	Α	requires parity for telemedicine under private
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		insurance, state employee health plans, and public assistance. ¹⁴⁸ In 2014, lawmakers passed a law requiring insurance plans to cover and
Patient Setting	Α	reimburse for services via store-and-forward as
Eligible Technologies	В	well as remote patient monitoring for chronic
Distance or Geography	Α	disease management. ¹⁴⁹
Restrictions		
Eligible Providers	Α	Medicaid
Physician-provided Services	Α	The law requires Medicaid to cover and
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	reimburse for services via telemedicine
Services		including store-and-forward and remote patient
Rehabilitation	N/A monitoring. New rules recognize licensed professiona	
Home Health	Α	counselors as eligible distant site providers.
Informed Consent	 The originating site fee payment is limited to 	-
Telepresenter	Α	provider's office, outpatient hospitals, CAHs,
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	-	RHCs, FQHCs, CMHCs, therapeutic group homes, IHS clinics, and school-based clinics. 150 Medicaid places no restrictions on the patient
State-wide Network		setting for telemedicine coverage, but will only
Medicaid Managed Care		pay the originating site fee to a menu set of
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		facilities. ¹⁵¹
Eligibles		MS Medical Board requires unspecified method
Health Home		of obtaining patient's informed consent. 152
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections	V	
Other		

Telemedicine in Missouri



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Progress
Medicaid ¹⁵⁶	В	MO legislature enacted SB 579 in 2016 which
State Employee Health Plan ¹⁵⁷	Α	expanded telehealth coverage to schools, home,
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F &	as well as includes coverage for home RPM and store-and-forward. 153
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		
Patient Setting	В	Private Insurance
Eligible Technologies	В	MO's private insurance parity law was enacted in
Distance or Geography	Α	2013 and included coverage for state employee health plans. 154
Restrictions		neurin plans.
Eligible Providers	В	Medicaid
Physician-provided Services	В	 New law adds coverage for home remote patient
Mental/behavioral Health	В	monitoring, as well as store-and-forward for
Services ¹⁵⁸⁻¹⁶⁰		orthopedics, dermatology,
Rehabilitation	В	optometry/ophthalmology, diabetic retinopathy,
Home Health	F	burn and wound care, dental services, and maternal-fetal ultrasounds.
Informed Consent	F B	Dentists, oral surgeons, dental hygienists,
Telepresenter	D	pharmacists, speech therapists, PTs, OTs, LCSWs,
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR		podiatrists, licensed professional counselors, and professionals practicing in RHCs, FQHCs, and
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		
State-wide Network ¹⁶¹	V	CMHCs are newly eligible distant site providers.Schools, homes, and other locations are newly
Medicaid Managed Care		eligible originating sites.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		Requires written informed consent and
Eligibles		telepresenter on premises. ¹⁵⁵
Health Home		Innovation
HCBS Waiver		 Missouri Telehealth Network offers clinical,
Corrections	V	educational, emergency and disaster preparedness, and technical assistance via
Other		telemedicine across the state.

Telemedicine in Montana



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ¹⁶³	С	MT's private insurance parity law was enacted in
State Employee Health Plan	Α	2013 and includes coverage for state employee
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F &	health plans. ¹⁶²
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		Banding d
CONDITIONS OF PATIMENT	•	Medicaid
Patient Setting	Α	Coverage for telemedicine under Medicaid is
Eligible Technologies	F	about average. The agency imposes restrictions
Distance or Geography	Α	on covered services when provided by
Restrictions		physicians only.
Eligible Providers	F	 Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
Physician-provided Services	В	
Mental/behavioral Health	В	
Services		
Rehabilitation	F	
Home Health	F	
Informed Consent	Α	
Telepresenter	Α	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care	~	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Nebraska



PARITY:		GAPS:	
Private Insurance	F	Progress	
Medicaid ¹⁷⁰⁻¹⁷²	В	 2017 telemedicine parity legislation introduced, 	
State Employee Health Plan	F	LB 92. ¹⁶⁴	
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		 CMS approved SPA expands Medicaid telehealth coverage to include store-and-forward, RPM, home health services, OT, PT, speech and 	
Patient Setting	Α	audiology, podiatry and optometric services. 165	
Eligible Technologies	В	Private Insurance	
Distance or Geography	Α	 2015 law passed requires health insurers to 	
Restrictions		highlight telemedicine providers in health plan	
Eligible Providers	Α	provider directories. 166	
Physician-provided Services ¹⁷³	В	Bordered by CO and MO which has a parity law	
Mental/behavioral Health	В	for private insurance. NE has no parity law.	
Services ¹⁷⁴		Private insurance and state-employee plans	
Rehabilitation	A	require coverage of autism treatment via	
Home Health	В	telemedicine. 167	
Informed Consent	F A		
Telepresenter	А	Innovation	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		 Nebraska Statewide Telehealth Network is a state-wide communications network that supports clinical, educational, and 	
State-wide Network	~	administrative services via telemedicine. 168	
Medicaid Managed Care	V	Opportunity	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		 2017 telemedicine parity legislation introduced, 	
Eligibles		LB 92. ¹⁶⁹	
Health Home			
HCBS Waiver			
Corrections			
Other			

Telemedicine in Nevada



PARITY:		GAPS:	
Private Insurance Medicaid 177	A	ProgressNV enacted a telemedicine parity law in 2015	
		which affects coverage under private insurance,	
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		 Medicaid, and state employee health plans. 175 Regulations require coverage of telemedicine for injured employees as a condition of workers 	
Patient Setting	Α	compensation. ¹⁷⁶	
Eligible Technologies	F	Bandingid	
Distance or Geography Restrictions	Α	MedicaidMedicaid removed the rural only restriction and	
Eligible Providers	Α	now covers telemedicine state-wide.	
Physician-provided Services	В	Medicaid also places frequency limits on some	
Mental/behavioral Health	A	covered telemedicine services.	
Services		 Some telemedicine services require at least 1 in- 	
Rehabilitation	Α	person visit.	
Home Health	В	 Coverage for interactive audio-video only. 	
Informed Consent	Α		
Telepresenter	Α		
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS			
State-wide Network			
Medicaid Managed Care			
Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles			
Health Home			
HCBS Waiver			
Corrections	V		
Other			

Telemedicine in New Hampshire



Private Insurance Medicaid Medicaid State Employee Health Plan MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT: Patient Setting Patient Setting Pistance or Geography Restrictions Eligible Providers Physician-provided Services Mental/behavioral Health Services Mental/behavioral Health Informed Consent Telepresenter INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS: State-wide Network Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections Other Private Insurance NH's parity law was enacted in 2009 and includes coverage under state employee health plans. 178 Medicaid NH enacted legislation that includes Medicaid telehealth coverage following Medicare restrictions including geography, patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under select managed care plans. Proposed regulations would expand coverage under FFS. 1800 1811 182 Coverage for interactive audio-video only. Opportunity Legislation introduced in 2017 would remove rural only restrictions for telehealth Medicaid coverage, SB 237.			
Medicaid State Employee Health Plan MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT: Patient Setting Ciligible Technologies Ciligible Providers Physician-provided Services Mental/behavioral Health Services Rehabilitation Flome Health Informed Consent Telepresenter Medicaid NH's parity law was enacted in 2009 and includes coverage under state employee health plans. 178 Medicaid NH enacted legislation that includes Medicaid telehealth coverage following Medicare restrictions including geography, patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under state employee health plans. 178 Medicaid NH enacted legislation that includes Medicaid telehealth coverage following Medicare restrictions including geography, patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under state employee health plans. 178 Medicaid NH enacted legislation that includes Medicaid telehealth coverage following Medicare restrictions including geography, patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under state employee health plans. 178 Medicaid NH enacted legislation that includes Medicaid telehealth coverage following Medicare restrictions including geography, patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under state employee health plans. 178 Medicaid NH enacted legislation that includes Medicaid telehealth coverage following Medicare restrictions including geography, patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under state employee health plans. 178 Medicaid NH enacted legislation that includes Medicaid telehealth coverage following Medicare restrictions including eography, patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under steve following Medicare restrictions including eography, patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under steve following Medicare restrictions including eography. patient settings, and provider eligibility. 179 Offers coverage under settings, and provider eligibility. 179	PARITY:		GAPS:
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MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT: Patient Setting	State Employee Health Plan	Α	• • •
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Home Health Informed Consent Telepresenter INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS: State-wide Network Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections Opportunity Legislation introduced in 2017 would remove rural only restrictions for telehealth Medicaid coverage, SB 237.		-	
Informed Consent Telepresenter INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS: State-wide Network Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections			Opportunity
Telepresenter INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS: State-wide Network Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections			 Legislation introduced in 2017 would remove
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS: State-wide Network Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections			rural only restrictions for telehealth Medicaid
State-wide Network Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections	тегергезептег		coverage, SB 237.
State-wide Network Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections	INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	t	
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Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections	State-wide Network		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections		/	
Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections	_		
Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections			
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Other	Corrections	V	
	Other		

Telemedicine in New Jersey



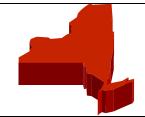
PARITY:		GAPS:	
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance	
Medicaid ¹⁸⁶	С	Borders DE and NY which have telemedicine	
State Employee Health Plan	F	parity laws.	
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F &	NJ Individual Health Coverage and Small	
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		Employer Health Benefits Programs approved new language in 2015 to cover "telemedicine",	
Patient Setting	F	"e-visits", and "virtual visits" under individual	
Eligible Technologies	F	health and small employer plans. 183-184	
Distance or Geography	Α		
Restrictions		Medicaid	
Eligible Providers	F	Authorized coverage of telemedicine-provided	
Physician-provided Services	В	services for the first time in December 2013.	
Mental/behavioral Health	В	Coverage offered under managed care plans but not FFS.	
Services		Coverage for telepsychiatry only by psychiatrist	
Rehabilitation	N/A	or psychiatric advance nurse practitioner.	
Home Health	F	Patient setting must be a mental health clinic or	
Informed Consent	В	outpatient hospital.	
Telepresenter	В	 Coverage for interactive audio-video only. 	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR		 Medicaid requires telepresenter on premises 	
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		and unspecified method of obtaining patient	
		informed consent.	
State-wide Network			
Medicaid Managed Care	~	Opportunity	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		2016-2017 legislation introduced to provide	
Eligibles		parity under private insurance, managed care	
Health Home		plans and state employee plans, S 291 and A 1464. 185	
HCBS Waiver		11011	
Corrections			
Other			

Telemedicine in **New Mexico**



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ¹⁸⁹	Α	 NM's parity law was enacted in 2013.¹⁸⁷
State Employee Health Plan	Α	
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		 Medicaid True parity under NM Medicaid for FFS and managed care plans. All services are covered via
Patient Setting	Α	telemedicine including school-based, dental,
Eligible Technologies	С	home health, hospice, and rehabilitation. 188
Distance or Geography	Α	1 of 4 states with coverage for services provided by a behavioral analyst. These are significants are
Restrictions		by a behavioral analyst. These specialists are critical for the treatment of autism spectrum
Eligible Providers	A	disorders.
Physician-provided Services	Α	 No limits on patient setting.
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	No coverage for phone calls or remote patient
Services ¹⁹⁰		monitoring.
Rehabilitation ¹⁹¹	A	 No coverage for skilled nursing, therapies, or
Home Health	В	RPM under home health benefit.
Informed Consent	A	
Telepresenter	Α	Innovation
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	-	New Mexico Telehealth Alliance offers technical and program support to ensure coordinated services via telemedicine across the state.
State-wide Network ¹⁹²	V	Services the teleffication is desired time state.
Medicaid Managed Care 193-194	V	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections	V	
Other		

Telemedicine in New York



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁰¹	С	NY parity law enacted in 2014 and amended in
State Employee Health Plan	Α	2015. The law requires telehealth parity under
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		private insurance, Medicaid, and state employee health plans. The law does restrict the patient setting as a condition of Medicaid payment. 195-
Patient Setting	С	130
Eligible Technologies	С	
Distance or Geography	Α	Medicaid
Restrictions		The parity law authorizes Medicaid to cover
Eligible Providers	F	telehealth via interactive audio-video, store-
Physician-provided Services ²⁰²	С	and-forward, and home remote patient monitoring. 197
Mental/behavioral Health	С	 Restrictions are placed on the patient settings
Services		and types of providers eligible to render the
Rehabilitation	F	service and reimburse.
Home Health	F	NY OMH finalized rules which restrict allowable
Informed Consent	F	technologies and the patient and provider
Telepresenter	В	settings for telepsychiatry. 198
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		Speech language pathologist and audiologist are covered under the new law.
State-wide Network		Innovation
Medicaid Managed Care ²⁰³	~	CMS approved duals proposal includes coverage
Medicare-Medicaid Dual	V	for telemedicine. ¹⁹⁹
Eligibles		CMS approved health home proposal gives
Health Home	V	provider the option to use technology
HCBS Waiver		conferencing tools including audio, video and/or web deployed solutions to support care
Corrections		management/coordination activities. ²⁰⁰
Other		
		Opportunity
		Legislation introduced in 2017 would allow

reimbursement parity, AB 1421 and SB 834.

Telemedicine in North Carolina



PARITY:		
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁰⁶	В	Borders TN an
State Employee Health Plan	F	parity laws. Lo
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE CONDITIONS OF PAYMEN		passage in 202 telehealth par state. ²⁰⁴
Patient Setting	С	ng a dia aid
Eligible Technologies	F	Medicaid
Distance or Geography	Α	Medicaid impo
Restrictions		settings, cover eligible distan
Eligible Providers	F	payment.
Physician-provided Services	В	Coverage for i
Mental/behavioral Health	В	does <u>not</u> pern
Services		 Requires a pro
Rehabilitation	N/A	the patient.
Home Health	F	Innovation
Informed Consent	Α	State-wide tel
Telepresenter	В	State wide ter
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT O SERVICE DELIVERY MODEL		
State-wide Network	V	
Medicaid Managed Care		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Borders TN and VA which have private insurance parity laws. Legislation introduced and failed passage in 2015 which would have establish telehealth parity for all health insurers in the state. 204

GAPS:

ledicaid

- Medicaid imposes restrictions on the patient settings, covered services and designates eligible distant site providers as a condition of payment.
- Coverage for interactive audio-video only, but does not permit the use of "video cell phones".
- Requires a provider to be on the premises with the patient.

novation

State-wide telepsychiatry network.²⁰⁵

Telemedicine in North Dakota



PARITY:		GAPS:	
Private Insurance Medicaid ²⁰⁹ State Employee Health Plan MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT Patient Setting Eligible Technologies Distance or Geography Restrictions Eligible Providers Physician-provided Services Mental/behavioral Health Services Rehabilitation Home Health Informed Consent Telepresenter INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	F C A B B B	 Private Insurance ND has no telemedicine parity law although bordered by MN and MT which have private insurance parity laws. HB 1038 was enacted in 2015 to establish telemedicine parity for state employee health plans. 207 Medicaid Medicaid imposes restrictions on the patient settings and covered services as a condition of payment. Includes coverage for speech therapy. Coverage for interactive audio-video, and RPM under the home health benefit. 208 Non-home health services require a telepresenter. Opportunity 2017 telemedicine parity legislation introduced, SB 2052. 	
State-wide Network Medicaid Managed Care Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles Health Home HCBS Waiver Corrections Other			

Telemedicine in Ohio



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid	C	OH has no parity law and is bordered by IN, KY,
State Employee Health Plan	F	and MI which enacted private insurance parity
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	E &	laws.
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT	:	Medicaid
Patient Setting	С	OH Medicaid regulations expand telemedicine
Eligible Technologies	F	coverage to include consultations by physicians
Distance or Geography	В	and a limited selection of practitioners. The
Restrictions		new rules also requires that the distant and
Eligible Providers	С	 originating site be at least 5 miles away. ²¹⁰⁻²¹¹ Coverage also includes school-based speech
Physician-provided Services	В	therapy, behavioral health counseling and
Mental/behavioral Health	В	therapy, mental health assessment,
Services ²¹⁴⁻²¹⁸	_	pharmacological management, and community
Rehabilitation ²¹⁹	В	psychiatric supportive treatment service via
Home Health	F	interactive audio-video only. ²¹²
Informed Consent Telepresenter	A	 Medicaid allows beneficiaries to choose the
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	₹	 patient location when telemedicine is used for some mental/behavioral health services. Requires written informed consent for mental and behavioral health services.
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care	V	Innovation
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		 CMS approved health home proposal allows
Eligibles		service delivery via in-person, by telephone, or
Health Home	V	by video conferencing. ²¹³
HCBS Waiver		
State-wide Network	V	
Other		

Telemedicine in Oklahoma



PARITY:		GAPS:	
Private Insurance	Α	Progress	
Medicaid	Α	Medicaid regulations updated in 2015 which	
State Employee Health Plan MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		removed the originating site and geography restrictions as well as expanded coverage to include other services. 220 2016 legislation enacted which removes	
Patient Setting	Α	informed consent and telepresenter	
Eligible Technologies	F	requirements from parity law.	
Distance or Geography Restrictions	A	Private Insurance OK's private insurance parity law was enacted in	
Eligible Providers	A	1997. ²²¹	
Physician-provided Services Mental/behavioral Health Services	A	Medicaid	
Rehabilitation	N/A	 Coverage for interactive audio-video only. 	
Home Health	F	 1 of 4 states with coverage for services provided 	
Informed Consent	F	by a behavioral analyst. These specialists are	
Telepresenter	Α	critical for the treatment of autism spectrum disorders.	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		 OK Medical Board requires written informed consent from patient before a telemedicine encounter. 	
State-wide Network			
Medicaid Managed Care	V	Opportunity	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles		 Legislation introduced in 2017 would cover home RPM under Medicaid, HB 1893. 	
Health Home			
HCBS Waiver			
Corrections	~		
Other			

Coverage & Reimbursement

Telemedicine in Oregon



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance Medicaid ²²⁴	B B	 Private Insurance OR's private insurance parity law was enacted in
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE CONDITIONS OF PAYMEN		 2009. OR is 1 of 4 states that cover interactive audio-video only as a condition of their parity law.²²² Telemedicine parity law also includes self-
Patient Setting Eligible Technologies	A B	insured state employee health plans and has no originating site restrictions. ²²³
Distance or Geography Restrictions	Α	Medicaid Medicaid imposes restrictions on the covered
Eligible Providers	A	services.
Physician-provided Services Mental/behavioral Health	B B	 Allows coverage for interactive audio-video,
Services	В	telephone, and online/e-mail consultations.
Rehabilitation	F	Medicaid will also cover store-and-forward
Home Health	F	when used in lieu of video conferencing.
Informed Consent	Α	
Telepresenter	Α	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT O SERVICE DELIVERY MODEL		
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Pennsylvania



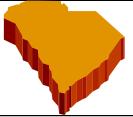
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance Medicaid ²²⁷ State Employee Health Plan MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT Patient Setting Eligible Technologies Distance or Geography Restrictions Eligible Providers Physician-provided Services ²²⁸ Mental/behavioral Health Services Rehabilitation Home Health Informed Consent Telepresenter		 Private Insurance Borders DE, MD and NY which have private insurance parity laws. 2016 legislation was unsuccessful in establishing telemedicine parity for private insurance. Medicaid Medicaid imposes restrictions on the covered services and designates eligible distant site providers as a condition of payment. PA offers a number of telemedicine modalities in the home of qualified beneficiaries including sensors, medication management, and RPM under a CMS HCBS waiver. This waiver expires in June 2018. ²²⁵⁻²²⁶ Coverage for interactive audio-video only for physician and mental health services. Requires written informed consent and a telepresenter.
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	-	
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care	~	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver	~	
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Rhode Island



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Progress
Medicaid	С	 RI enacted a telemedicine parity law in 2016
State Employee Health Plan	F	regarding coverage under private insurance. 229
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERA CONDITIONS OF PAYMEN		• Rhode Island Medicaid has included coverage for the following billable telehealth codes in the fee schedule: G0406 - G0408, and G0425 -
Patient Setting	Α	G0427. ²³⁰
Eligible Technologies	F	
Distance or Geography Restrictions	A	
Eligible Providers	F	
Physician-provided Services	В	
Mental/behavioral Health	В	
Services		
Rehabilitation	N/A	
Home Health	F	
Informed Consent	В	
Telepresenter	Α	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT C SERVICE DELIVERY MODE		
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

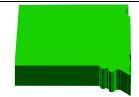
Telemedicine in South Carolina



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²³⁴	С	 SC borders GA which has a parity law. No
State Employee Health Plan	F	telemedicine parity legislation introduced within
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	E 9.	the past two years.
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		Medicaid
		Medicaid imposes restrictions on the covered
Patient Setting	С	services, patient settings and designates eligible
Eligible Technologies	F	distant site providers as a condition of payment.
Distance or Geography	Α	Coverage for interactive audio-video only
Restrictions		No coverage for RPM for chronic disease
Eligible Providers	F	management in the home. The HCBS waiver
Physician-provided Services	В	expired June 2016. ²³¹
Mental/behavioral Health	В	 Medicaid requires a telepresenter for all audio-
Services	21/2	video related telemedicine encounters.
Rehabilitation	N/A	
Home Health	F	Innovation
Informed Consent	A	State-wide telepsychiatry network. ²³²
Telepresenter	С	OB/GYN Telemedicine demonstration project
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	₹	went into effect in July 2014. The project will
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		leverage telemedicine to enhance access to obstetric and gynecological services for women
State-wide Network	~	in four rural counties. ²³³
Medicaid Managed Care		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other	✓	

Coverage & Reimbursement

Telemedicine in South Dakota



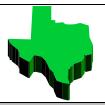
PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²³⁶	С	 Bordered by MN and MT which have parity laws.
State Employee Health Plan	F	No history of proposed legislation within the
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F &	past 2 years.
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		Medicaid
Patient Setting	С	 Coverage for telemedicine under Medicaid is
Eligible Technologies	C	above average. The agency imposes restrictions
Distance or Geography	Α	on the patient settings, covered services and
Restrictions		designates eligible distant site providers as a
Eligible Providers	Α	condition of payment.
Physician-provided Services	В	SD Medicaid no longer includes phone calls and
Mental/behavioral Health	В	store-and-forward under its telemedicine
Services		definition. Coverage for interactive audio-video and RPM only.
Rehabilitation	F	and Krivi Only.
Home Health ²³⁷	F	Innovation
Informed Consent	Α	Received grant from US Bureau of Justice
Telepresenter	Α	Assistance to implement a telehealth drug
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	-	treatment program for nonviolent offenders. 235
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care		
Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections	V	
Other	V	

Telemedicine in Tennessee



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Progress
Medicaid	В	 2016 legislation enacted amends parity law to
State Employee Health Plan	Α	allow reimbursement parity, and make state
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		contracted crisis center providers employed by state licensed facilities eligible for reimbursement. ²³⁸
Patient Setting	Α	Duivete Income
Eligible Technologies	С	Private Insurance
Distance or Geography	Α	TN parity law enacted in 2014 which includes to lamp diging appropriate for Madigaid, including
Restrictions		telemedicine coverage for Medicaid, including
Eligible Providers	Α	managed care plans, and state employee health plans. 239
Physician-provided Services	Α	piaris.
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	Medicaid
Services		 Parity law does not limit coverage to specific
Rehabilitation	Α	patient settings and includes telemedicine when
Home Health	В	provided to schools and the home under the
Informed Consent	Α	home health benefit. Most of the state's
Telepresenter	Α	Medicaid program operates under managed
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	_	care.Home health does not include coverage for RPM under new parity law.
State-wide Network		 Coverage for interactive audio-video and store-
Medicaid Managed Care	~	and-forward.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections	V	
Other		

Telemedicine in Texas



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁴²	В	 TX private insurance parity law enacted in 1997
State Employee Health Plan	Α	and also includes coverage for state employee
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		health plans. ²⁴⁰ Medicaid
Patient Setting	Α	 Two distinct definitions of telemedicine vs.
Eligible Technologies	В	telehealth.
Distance or Geography	Α	Originating site includes established medical
Restrictions		health site and state mental health facility,
Eligible Providers	С	which excludes the home.
Physician-provided Services	В	 Legislation enacted that recognizes schools as an originating site for telemedicine covered
Mental/behavioral Health	В	services under Medicaid. ²⁴¹
Services		 Patients must receive an in-person evaluation
Rehabilitation	F	for the same diagnosis or condition being
Home Health ²⁴³	F	rendered via telemedicine. Patients with mental
Informed Consent	В	health diagnoses or conditions are exempt from
Telepresenter	С	this requirement if the purpose of telemedicine
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	is to screen and refer for additional solution order to continue receiving telemed services, the patient must have an ir	is to screen and refer for additional services. In order to continue receiving telemedicine services, the patient must have an in-person
State-wide Network		evaluation at least once within the 12 months
Medicaid Managed Care		before receiving telemedicine.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		Coverage for interactive audio-video only as well
Eligibles		as RPM for home health agencies and hospitals.
Health Home		Requires written informed consent and a talanguage to a
HCBS Waiver		telepresenter during the telemedicine encounter.
Corrections	~	
Other		

Telemedicine in Utah



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁴⁹	Α	Bordersy AZ, CO, and NV which have parity laws
State Employee Health Plan	F	for private insurance. UT has no history of
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		proposed parity legislation within the past two years.
Patient Setting	Α	Medicaid
Eligible Technologies	F	UT covers all services via telemedicine, as
Distance or Geography	Α	clinically appropriate, when provided by a
Restrictions		physician or authorized provider. ²⁴⁴⁻²⁴⁵
Eligible Providers	Α	No restrictions imposed on patient or provider
Physician-provided Services	Α	settings.
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	Coverage for skilled nursing services and modication management under the skilled
Services ²⁵⁰		medication management under the skilled nursing home telemedicine pilot. ²⁴⁶⁻²⁴⁷
Rehabilitation	A -	 Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
Home Health	С	Coverage for interactive additional control of the coverage for interactive additional control of the coverage for interactive additional control of the coverage for interactive additional coverage for interactive additional control of the coverage for interact
Informed Consent	Α	Innovation
Telepresenter	Α	Utah Telehealth Network offers clinical,
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		educational, and administrative services via telemedicine across the state. ²⁴⁸
State-wide Network	~	Opportunity
Medicaid Managed Care		Legislation introduced in 2017 would require
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		private insurance transparency on telemedicine,
Eligibles		HB 154.
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		

Corrections

Other

Telemedicine in Vermont



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	С	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁵³	В	 VT's parity law was enacted in 2012. It includes
State Employee Health Plan	С	telemedicine coverage for state employee
MAEDICAID CEDVICE COVEDAC	г о	health plans. ²⁵¹
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG		 VT is 1 of 4 states that cover interactive audio-
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT	:	video only as a condition of their parity law.
Patient Setting	Α	Although the law does not require coverage of
Eligible Technologies	С	services via store-and-forward, it does require
Distance or Geography	Α	informed consent from any patient receiving
Restrictions		teledermatology and teleophthalmology via store-and-forward.
Eligible Providers	Α	
Physician-provided Services	В	 The parity law also limits telemedicine coverage to services provided in health care facilities only.
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	to services provided in health care facilities only.
Services		Medicaid
Rehabilitation	Α	There are no patient setting restrictions, and
Home Health	F	allows coverage of telemedicine primary care
Informed Consent	В	services in the home. 252 • Allows coverage of services via interactive audio-video and home RPM. No reimbursement
Telepresenter	Α	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	₹	
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		for teleophthalmology or teledermatology via
JENVIOL BELIVEN MOBEL	•	store-and-forward.
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care		Opportunity
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		 Legislation introduced in 2017 would permit
Eligibles		telehealth coverage outside of health care
Health Home		facility, prevent frequency limits, amend eligible
HCBS Waiver		providers, H 118.
Corrections	~	
Other		

Telemedicine in Virginia



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	A	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁵⁹	В	VA's parity law was enacted in 2010 and includes appearage for telemodicine under
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		includes coverage for telemedicine under private insurance and self-funded state employee health plans. 254
Patient Setting	С	Medicaid
Eligible Technologies	С	Coverage for telemedicine under Medicaid
Distance or Geography	Α	extends to managed care plans as well. The
Restrictions		agency imposes restrictions on the patient setting.
Eligible Providers	С	Medicaid restrictions on covered services and
Physician-provided Services ²⁶⁰⁻ ²⁶¹	В	designates eligible distant site providers as a
Mental/behavioral Health	В	condition of payment. However Virginia is 1 of few states that includes specific coverage of
Services		obstetric and gynecological services including
Rehabilitation	В	ultrasounds. ²⁵⁵
Home Health	F	 Covers speech-language therapy under its
Informed Consent	В	school-based program. 256-258
Telepresenter	Α	 Coverage for interactive audio-video and store-
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS		an-forward for diabetic retinopathy and dermatological services.
State-wide Network ²⁶²	~	Innovation
Medicaid Managed Care ²⁶³	V	 CMS approved VA plan to waive Medicare telemedicine statutory restrictions for dual
Medicare-Medicaid Dual Eligibles ²⁶⁴	V	eligible population "Commonwealth
Health Home		Coordinated Care".
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections ²⁶⁵	V	
Other		

Telemedicine in Washington



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	Α	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁷¹	Α	 Washington's parity law was enacted in 2015 and
State Employee Health Plan	Α	provides coverage for all essential health benefits
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG	F 2.	offered by private insurance, state employee health plans, and Medicaid managed care. 266
CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		neatti pians, and Medicaid managed care.
		Medicaid
Patient Setting	В	The new parity law which goes into effect 2017
Eligible Technologies	В	will impact Medicaid managed care and not FFS
Distance or Geography	Α	plan offerings.
Restrictions		 New SPA approved by CMS adds the home and
Eligible Providers	В	school to list of eligible originating sites. It also
Physician-provided Services	В	expands the list of providers who may render
Mental/behavioral Health	В	services including dentists and a number of mental
Services Rehabilitation ²⁷²		and behavioral health providers. The Medicaid
Home Health ²⁷³	B C	program manual has not been updated to reflect this emergency rulemaking. ²⁶⁷⁻²⁶⁸
	F	Medicaid restrictions on covered services and
Informed Consent		designates eligible distant site providers as a
Telepresenter	Α	condition of payment. However Washington is 1
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR		of 4 states that covers services provided by
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	S :	behavioral analysts which are critical to the
		treatment of autism spectrum disorders. The
State-wide Network		regulations were amended earlier this year to
Medicaid Managed Care	V	allow this expansion. 269
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		Coverage for interactive audio-video as and RPM and the barraches the large fit 270 and the barraches the barraches
Eligibles		under the home health benefit. ²⁷⁰
Health Home		Written informed consent required.
HCBS Waiver		Opportunity
Corrections		 Legislation introduced in 2017 would allow
Other		reimbursement parity, SB 5457.

Telemedicine in West Virginia



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁷⁵	С	 WV borders KY, MD and VA which have
State Employee Health Plan	F	telemedicine parity laws. No telemedicine
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		parity law and no legislation introduced within the past two years.
Patient Setting	В	Medicaid
Eligible Technologies	F	Coverage is limited to originating sites located
Distance or Geography	Α	state-wide for services listed under the
Restrictions		physician benefit. School-based speech therapy via telehealth is also covered for limited
Eligible Providers	С	services. ²⁷⁴
Physician-provided Services	В	WV Medicaid encourages providers to use
Mental/behavioral Health	Α	telemedicine to enhance access to mental and
Services ²⁷⁶⁻²⁷⁹		behavioral health services.
Rehabilitation	С	 Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
Home Health	F	 Managed care plan covers weight management
Informed Consent	В	services including preventative medicine
Telepresenter	В	counseling and individual and group exercise
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		classes with nutritional counseling. Only state to allow exercise physiologists and certified trainers as eligible distant site providers.
State-wide Network		 Requires telepresenter on patient site premises
Medicaid Managed Care	~	and unspecified form of consent.
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home ²⁸⁰		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Wisconsin



PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁸¹	В	WI borders MN which has a telemedicine
State Employee Health Plan	F	private insurance parity law. No telemedicine
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAG CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT		parity law and no history of proposed legislation within the past 2 years.
Patient Setting	Α	Medicaid
Eligible Technologies	F	Coverage for telemedicine under Medicaid
Distance or Geography	Α	includes fee-for-service and managed care
Restrictions		plans. The agency imposes no restrictions on
Eligible Providers	F	the patient setting or originating site and defers to the universal place of service (POS) used by
Physician-provided Services	В	most payors. This list includes the home and
Mental/behavioral Health	В	schools.
Services		Medicaid imposes restrictions on covered
Rehabilitation	F	services and designates eligible distant site
Home Health	F	providers as a condition of payment.
Informed Consent	В	Medicaid requires informed consent from the
Telepresenter	Α	patient but does not specify how the consent
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OF	2	should be obtained.
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS	_	Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
State-wide Network		
Medicaid Managed Care	V	
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		
Eligibles		
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

Telemedicine in Wyoming

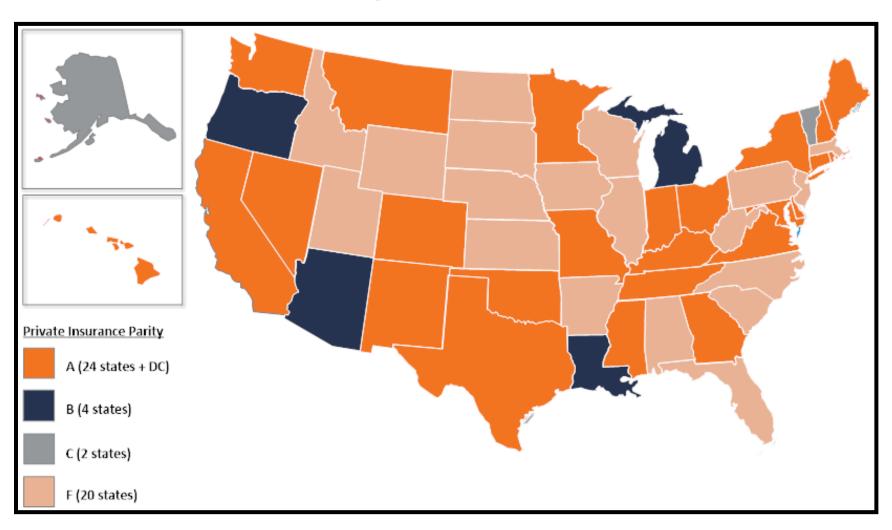


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PARITY:		GAPS:
Private Insurance	F	Private Insurance
Medicaid ²⁸²	С	 WY borders CO and MT which have enacted telemedicine parity laws. No telemedicine
State Employee Health Plan	F	
MEDICAID SERVICE COVERAGE & CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT:		parity law and no history of proposed legislation within the past two years.
Patient Setting	С	Medicaid
Eligible Technologies	F	 Coverage for telemedicine under Medicaid is about average. The agency imposes restrictions on covered services and designates certain patient settings (excluding the home and school) and eligible distant site providers as a condition of payment. One of few states with coverage for services provided by substance abuse/addiction specialist. Covers nutrition patient education and speech therapy. Coverage for interactive audio-video only.
Distance or Geography	Α	
Restrictions		
Eligible Providers	С	
Physician-provided Services	В	
Mental/behavioral Health	В	
Services		
Rehabilitation	В	
Home Health	F	
Informed Consent	Α	
Telepresenter	Α	
INNOVATIVE PAYMENT OR		No coverage for telemedicine under the home
SERVICE DELIVERY MODELS:		health benefit.
State-wide Network ²⁸³	~	Innovation
Medicaid Managed Care		Wyoming Telehealth Consortium offers provider
Medicare-Medicaid Dual		registry and informational resources to assist
Eligibles		providers in adopting telemedicine.
Health Home		
HCBS Waiver		
Corrections		
Other		

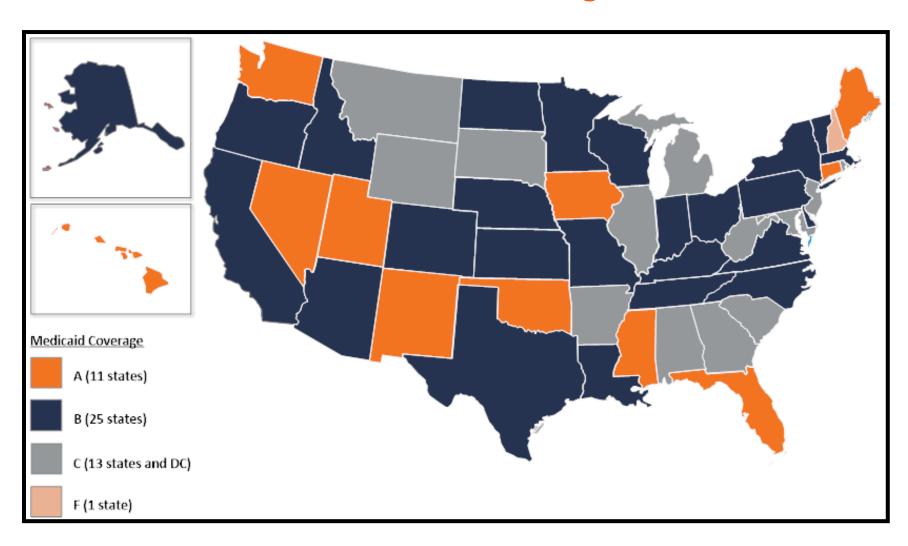
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Appendix

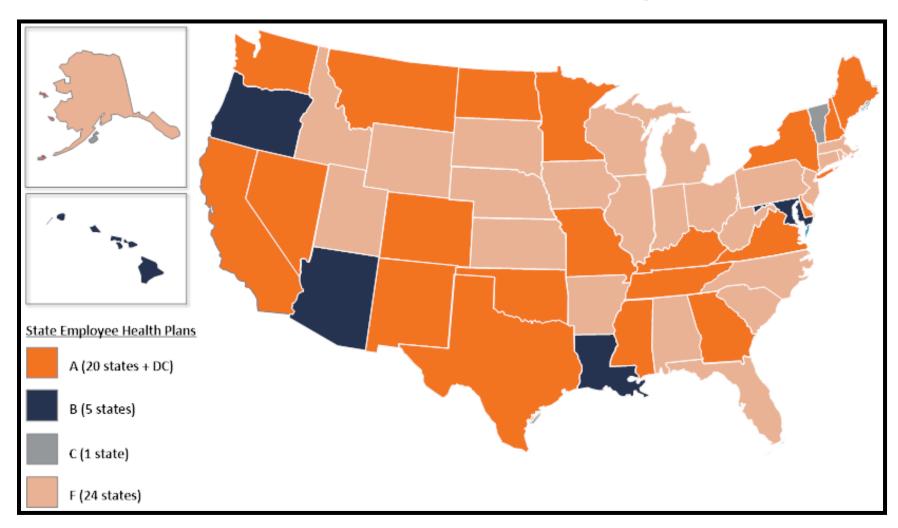
State Ratings – Parity Laws for Private Insurance Coverage of Telemedicine



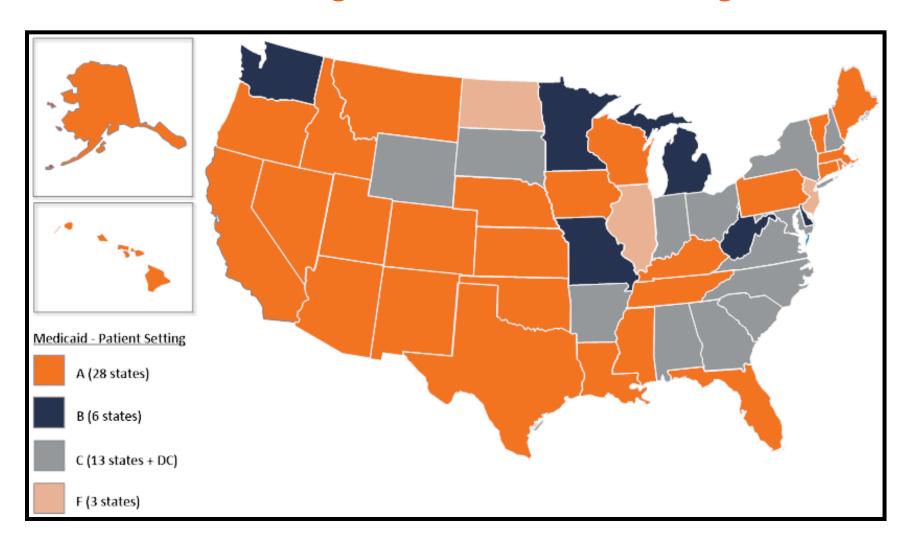
State Ratings – Medicaid Policies for Telemedicine Coverage



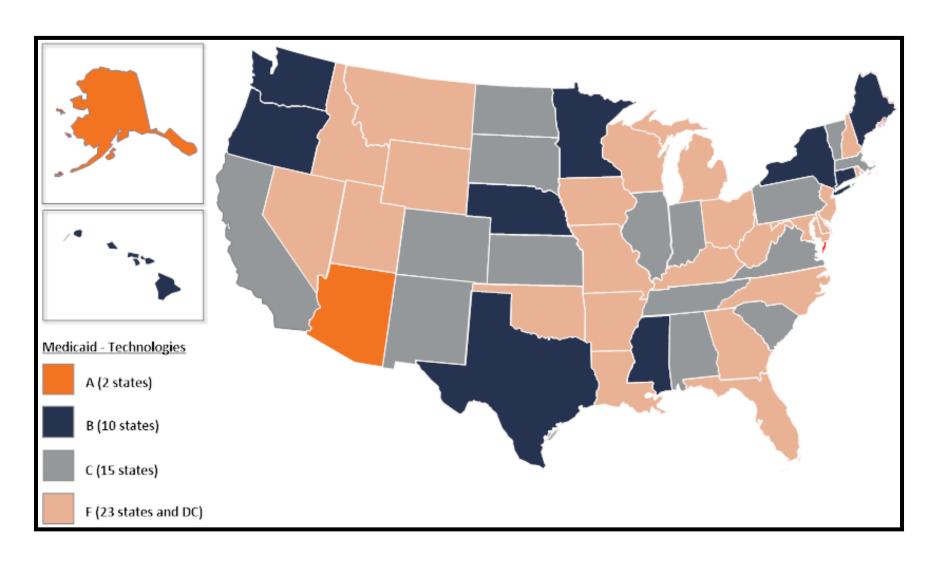
State Ratings – State Employee Health Plan Laws for Telemedicine Coverage



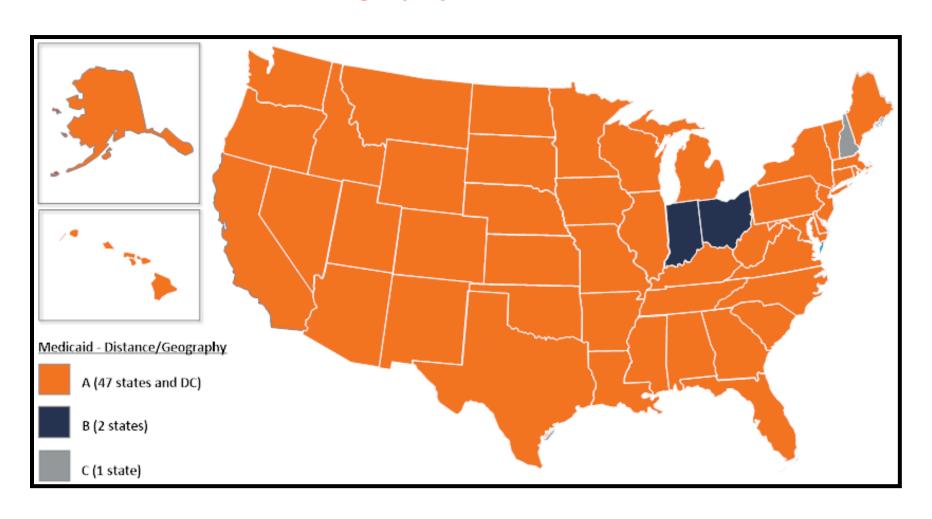
State Ratings – Medicaid Patient Setting



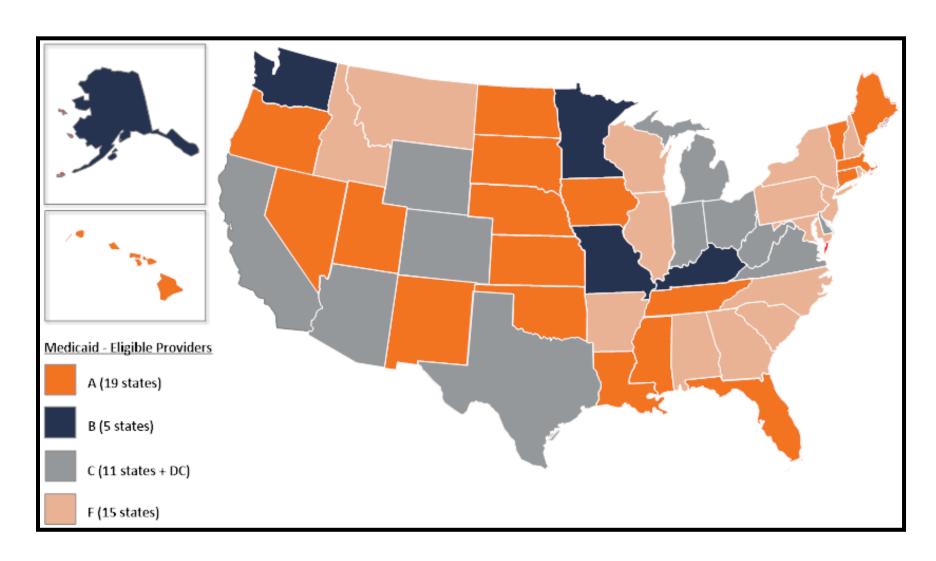
State Ratings – Medicaid Eligible Technologies



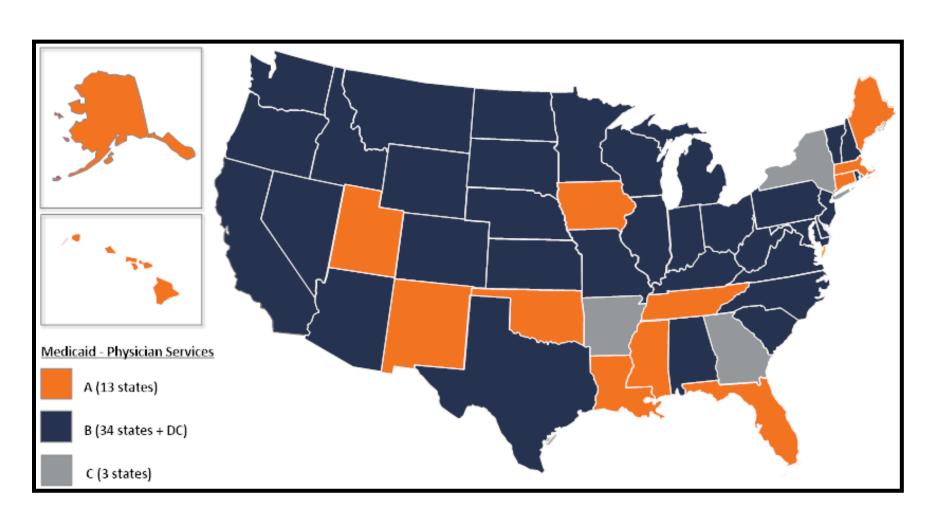
State Ratings – Medicaid Distance or Geography Restrictions



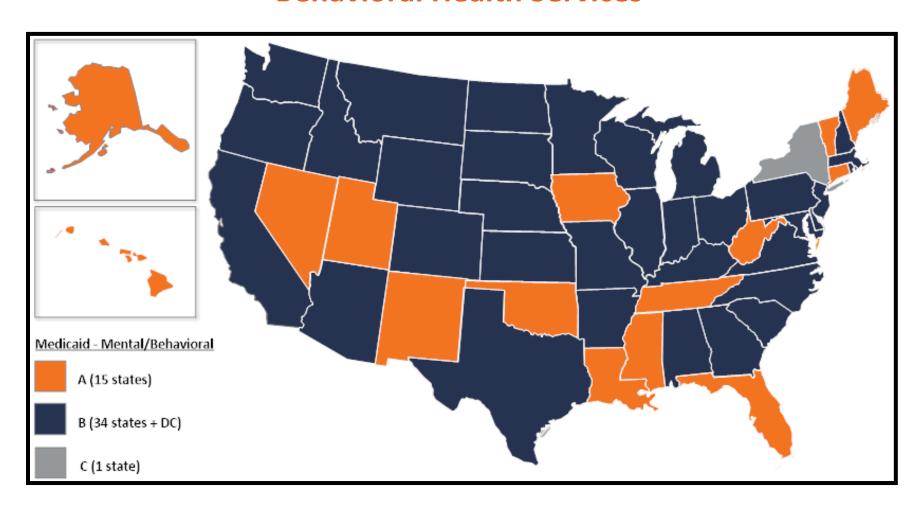
State Ratings – Medicaid Eligible Providers



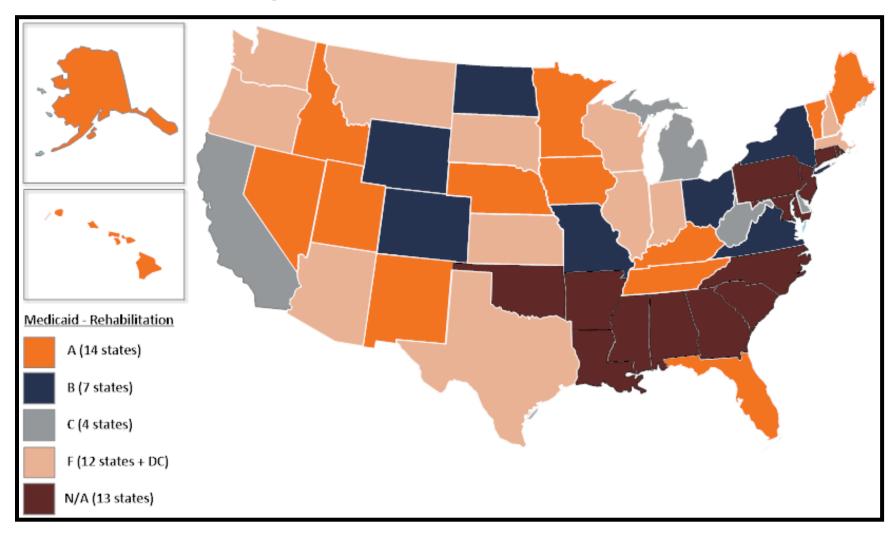
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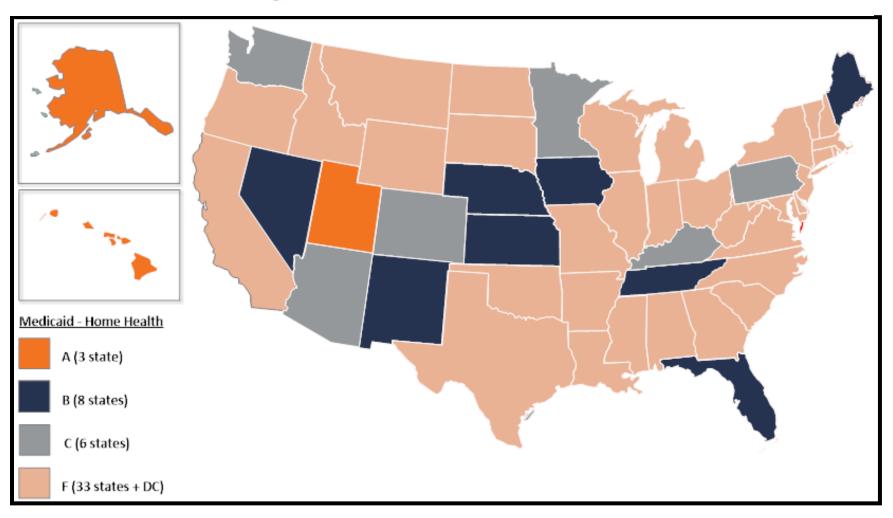
State Ratings – Medicaid Mental and Behavioral Health Services



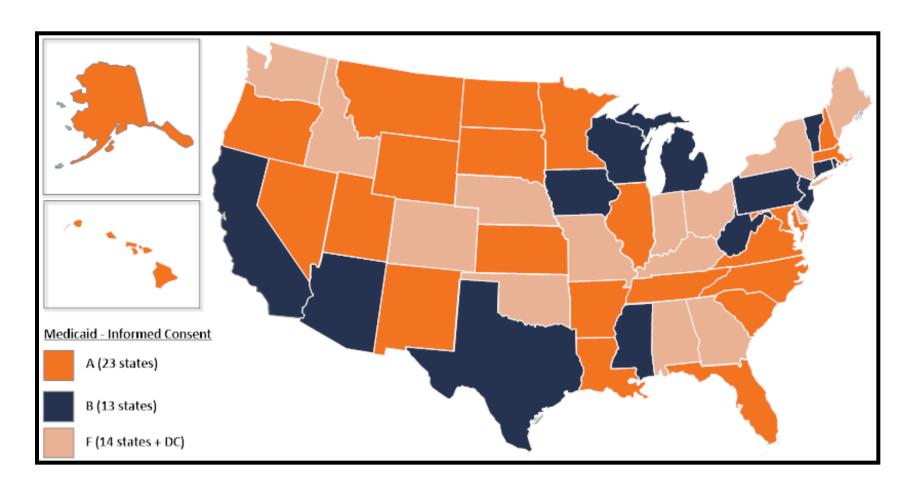
State Ratings – Medicaid Rehabilitation Services



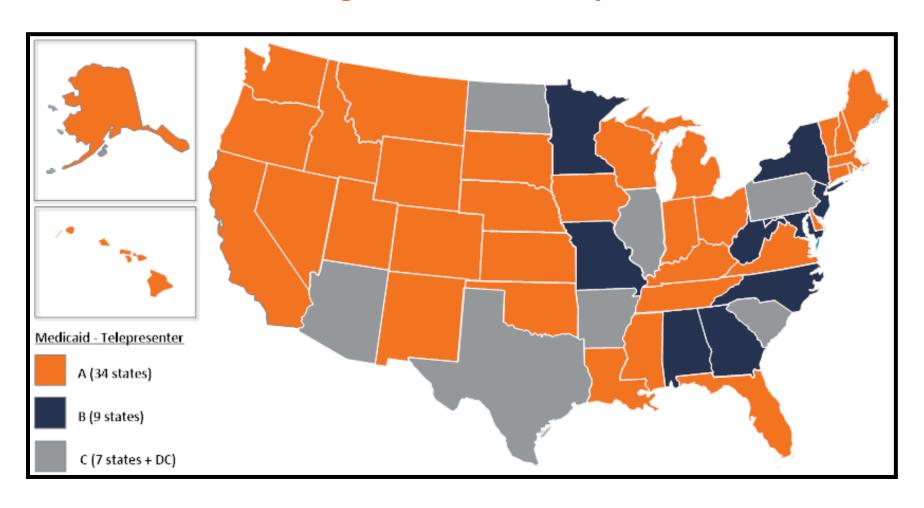
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State Ratings – Medicaid Informed Consent



State Ratings – Medicaid Telepresenter



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